The Centre Reporter.

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BOLD AND DARING ROBBERS CAPTURED IN SEVEN MOUNTAINS

After a Series of Robberies and Attempted Robberies at Laurelton, Woodward, Centre Hall and Linden Hall—Surrounded by Deputized Citizens James Geltwalt Draws a Revolver and is Seriously Wounded by a Rifle Bullet.

THE STORY OF THE CAPTURE.

Sheriff Taylor and Posse Capture the Burglars after Seriously Injuring One of Them.

The four desperate characters who committed a series of robberies between Laurelton and Linden Hall last week were captured in the Seven Mountains Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

When Sheriff Taylor reached the foot of Sand Mountain he was met by W. Frank Bradford and his supporters who had kept a watchful eye on the stable in which the burglars were in hiding. There was a hurried consultation, during which time the sheriff gave his men orders where to stand. These points were at a distance and out of line of sight from the stable. They were further directed to close in on the building when they would see their leader drive down the pike toward the stable.

The men were obedient, and at once started for their posts. After the sheriff had given the men ample time to reach their destinations, he and Mr. Foster got into their buggy and leisurely drove to the old hotel site. Their team was hitched on the west side of the pike immediately south of the building. Sheriff Taylor, unarmed, at once went to the door of the old building, threw the door open, and, in a firm tone, demanded that the men come out and permit themselves to be placed under arrest. On the first floor of the stable the sheriff saw three of the men—two being located to the left, and one directly in a line with the door at the back wall. The fourth man was heard up in the hay loft which was loosely covered with boards.

Having located his prey, the Sheriff retreated, again asking the men within to come out. By this time he had reached his buggy, near where Mr. Foster was standing, secured his Krag Jorgenson rifle, and while in the act of uncovering his gun and walking in front of the stable, the Sheriff's attention was called to a hand protruding through the weatherboarding of the second floor. The hand was not empty, but was clutching a thirty-eight or forty-four calibre revolver. Sheriff Taylor realizing the fearlessness and fierceness of the characters within the fort, and the faultlessness of the mechanism of the modern firearms at once ordered the deputies who stood nearest to him to fire, he himself doing likewise. The rotation of the firing was as follows: Foster, Taylor, Bradford, Foster—four shots.

A silence followed. The sheriff and deputies retreated to the road, from which point the sheriff again asked the fortified prisoners to surrender. His appeals were unheeded, the prisoners realizing that they held not only a good fort, but had a miniature arsenal to fall back on, and that if they could stay the advances of the sheriff until night-fall they might by chance escape under the cover of darkness.

For a full half hour the sheriff implored the prisoners to come out and surrender, pointing out to them that he had the entire building surrounded with men not only with revolvers, but with shot guns and Winchester and Krag-Jorgenson rifles. Silence followed.

There was a condition existing in the interior not known to those on the outside, which finally drove the nervy characters to treat for peace. "A man has been hit," came from one of the quartet, "and if you will guarantee protection, we'll come out." The sheriff vouchsafed their safety, and in a few moments three fierce and depraved looking characters stood before the shed door, each armed with two revolvers. "Drop those guns and throw up your hands," was the stern and firm demand of Centre County's High Sheriff. There was obedience. The three men, with hands raised skyward, walked abreast to a point on the sward midway between the shed and the pike. "Halt!" the sheriff cried, with a distinctly military accent. The men were handcuffed and hastily searched, and lined up as though for inspection. Later they were taken to the county jail.

DEPUTIZED CITIZENS.

W. F. Bradford	Patrick Garrity
Walter Garrity	Calvin Ruhl
E. J. Sweetwood	Wm. Cummings
R. W. Colyer	F. A. Carson
Frank Pennington	J. H. Ross
Frank Shutt	W. A. Sandoe
S. W. Smith	James Smetzler

OTHER ARMED MEN.

J. S. Bebiehimer	F. M. McCoy
A. J. Richley	Clyde Bradford
W. A. Catherman.	G. R. Meiss
Wm. Boozer	J. Wm. Bradford
Bruce Runkle	Daniel Bradford
Elmer Runkle	Samuel Stump

Mills for additional support, and in a short time Calvin Ruhl, R. W. Colyer, E. J. Sweetwood, F. A. Carson, T. S. Beblehimer came along, each armed with rifles and side arms. Mr. Ross took a course around the old improvements and located on Bald Mountain, and the balance of the men impatiently awaited the arrival of the sheriff. With Sheriff Taylor was Treasurer Phil. D. Foster, Frank Shutt, W. A. Sandoe and Walter Garrity.

JAMES GELTWALT, THE WOUNDED MAN.

"Two Planks were leaned against the side of the shed, and on these the wounded man was slid to the ground carried to a carriage and conveyed to the Potters Mills hotel and placed under the care of Dr. H. S. Alexander."

A SICKENING SIGHT.

Bespattered With Blood, and Pierced by a Bullet Through the Neck, More Dead than Alive, the Fourth Man Lay on the Loft Clutching his Weapon of Defense.

When the hay loft of the old shed, which was selected as the preferred place of retirement during their resistance, was reached by the deputies, a horrowing, sickening sight was met. Here lay a finely developed human being in a crimson pool, his face bespattered with his own blood, pale as death, more dead than alive, tightly clutching a fierce looking weapon of defense. Two planks were leaned against the side of the shed, and on this the wounded man was slid to the ground. From the end of the plank he was carried to a carriage and conveyed to Potters Mills hotel and placed under the care of Dr. H. S. Alexander.

The rifle bullet entered the neck on the left side, a trifle back of the larynx, and passed through the neck to a point on top of the shoulder midway between the arm and neck. The missile possibly cut the back part of the wind-pipe.

TRAPPED BY A FISHERMAN.

W. F. Bradford Shadows the Burglars—Scours Mountains for Rifles—Puts Men on Picket and Awaits the Sheriff.

To J. Hale Ross, of Linden Hall, and W. Frank Bradford, of Centre Hall, belongs the credit of locating the burglars. Before daylight Mr. Ross was out with his rifle, looking for the parties who only a short time before had rifled the cash drawers of his store and had prepared to blow open his safe with nitroglycerine. Mr. Ross tracked the culprits to Earlystown, at which point they left the public road and went out the lane of L. C. Lingle.

Mr. Bradford and son William and James Smetzler were on the way to Pat. Garrity's to fish, and at the Old Fort they met Mr. Ross who related his experience. The fishermen at once proceeded to Potters Mills, where they discovered one of the four men had been in Reish's hotel for a pint of whiskey. Later they passed several conveyances that had passed the men. On reaching the orchard this side of the Foust stable, a man with a bucket was observed in the bushes. Mr. Bradford and his companions passed by in an unconcerned way, drove past the Foust stable and down the lane to Garrity's, all the while keeping an eye in the direction of the man with a bucket. Before reaching the woods along the lane, the individual was seen to enter the stable.

The fishermen hurried to the home of Mr. Garrity and related their story. Mr. Bradford secured a Winchester rifle and took a brush route for Sand Mountain to intercept any assistants coming from the valley. The first to arrive was J. H. Ross, G. R. Meiss, Wm. Cumings and W. A. Catherman. Mr. Ross' carriage was sent to Potters

PROFESSIONALS ROUTED.

Penns Valley Bank Attacked by Professionals Who Were Greeted by a Bullet.

An attempt was made to burglarize the Penns Valley Bank, in this place, Friday night at 1:20, but the burglars were obliged to quit the scene without ceremony on account of a bullet from a 48-calibre revolver in the hands of William McClenahan, the watchman.

The burglars, four in number, attempted to gain entrance through a front window by removing the glass. Watchman McClenahan sleeps in the rear of the building, but only about six inches of the glazing had been removed before he awoke, and intuitively, jumped to his feet, grasped his firearm, took aim, fired!

In an instant after the shot, the watchman heard the men hastily retreat. Mr. McClenahan calculated that an effort was being made to loosen the window fastening on the upper part of the lower sash, and he aimed accordingly. The bullet struck the middle partition of the double window almost immediately opposite that point, and made a clear cut through and through. He also heard a noise similar to the fall of a man, and he was confident that his weapon had more than frightened the burglars, but the noise was evidently caused by an outside watchman jumping from the window sill. The inside shutters were almost closed, which hid the burglar from view.

An investigation in the morning revealed that the tools used in the attempt to remove the window light had been secured at the planing mill. The tools of the section men on the railroad had also been taken from the tool house, and were stacked in front of the bank building.

A hand car was used to make the journey to Linden Hall, where, as is told elsewhere in this issue, the store of J. H. Ross was burglarized.

ROBBERY AT LAURELTON.

Reno Zimmerman Roughly Handled by Robbers whom he Surprised while at Work.

Wednesday night of last week robbers blew open the safe in the Laurelton Lumber Company's office and Pressler's Hotel, at Laurelton. They secured $50 from the former and almost $5000 in money, bonds and negotiable papers from the latter.

Reno Zimmerman, of Laurelton, happened along when the robbers were preparing for the first job. He was caught, bound, blindfolded and led a hundred yards up the railroad track, where one of the robbers stood guard. Because he fought, Zimmerman was struck three times on the head with a pick, receiving dangerous wounds.

At daybreak the robbers raided the kitchen of John Strausser, a farmer, ate a breakfast and escaped.

Zimmerman staggered to town early in the morning, his hands still bound. Before the robbers left him they removed the bandage from his eyes.

ATTEMPTED TO LOOT SAFE.

Burglars Enter the Store of J. H. Ross, Linden Hall.

Friday night four burglars entered the store of J. H. Ross, at Linden Hall, wrenched off the handle to the door of the safe, plugged the seams around the door and were about ready to blow up the safe, when the experts were disturbed by A. E. Zeigler, a clerk, who sleeps in the store building on the second floor.

Mr. Zeigler was awakened at about 2:30 a. m., and heard a slight noise about the building. He lay awake for a while, and finally went to the window when he heard distinct noises. He, however, thought that the noise was made by workmen on their way to the Bear Meadows, who frequently tap at the store door to see whether he is a good sleeper. Mr. Zeigler did not care to become the butt of a joke, so he retired. Later he got up and hammered on the porch roof; the noise below ceased; he returned. The third time Mr. Zeigler arose from his bed, he saw two men walk toward the bridge, near the store building, where they held a whispered conversation; they returned to the store again, and in a few moments four men leisurely walked away from the premises. Mr. Zeigler went to bed, but in a half hour the four men came back and again disturbed the clerk, who all the while thought he was avoiding being made the laughing stock of his companions by keeping quiet. He nevertheless watched the quartet who were disturbing his peace, and saw them again walk away from the building.

Failing to recognize any of the men, Mr. Zeigler decided to call Mr. Ross, the proprietor, who lives near by. Upon going down stairs he was surprised to find the front door open. An investigation showed that entrance had been gained through a window, and that the safe was in the condition above described. The cash drawers in the postoffice and store were taken on the front porch for inspection, but the only cash they contained was one dollar and twenty cents, respectively, which was not discovered.

The experts now made preparation for retirement for a season, and accordingly went to the home of William Catherman, the blacksmith, entered the cellar and took therefrom three loaves of bread, lard, meat and a tin bucket.

When daylight dawned there was considerable excitement in the hamlet, and it was decided to send out a scouting party, accordingly J. H. Ross, Wm. Catherman, Harry Hagen and Charles Ross took a trail which led them to Earlystown, and across the valley to Potters Mills.

At the Justice's Office.

All along the road from Potters Mills to Centre Hall little groups of men, women and children had gathered to get a glimpse of the robbers. When Centre Hall was reached the victims were taken before Justice W. B. Mingle, who bound them over to court, and in default of bail they were committed to jail.

To Mr. Mingle belongs the credit of enlisting the aid of the commissioners' attorney, Harry Keller, and District Attorney Spangler, who prevailed on the commissioners to send the sheriff into the mountains, and finally won their suit.

TRAIL OF THE ROBBERS.

The Trail of the Robbers from the Time They Left Laurelton Until Their Capture at the Foust Stable.

The party of burglars arrested on Saturday on the Seven Mountains are the same gang who during Wednesday night of last week blew open several safes at Laurelton, and clubbed, bound and gagged a young man by the name of Reno Zimmerman, took from him what money he had, amounting to fifteen dollars and twenty-five cents. From the safes they realized twelve dollars and fifty cents, amounting in all to twenty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents. They got some jewelry and other articles, besides a large amount of signed checks, drawn to the order of the men employed by the Laurelton Lumber Company. These they threw into a stream of water, from which they were nearly all recovered.

The gang then started up the turnpike toward Woodward, where the next night, Thursday, they broke open the store of R. M. Wolf's heirs, and robbed the postoffice, which is in the same room, getting a small amount in money and some postage stamps. They took from the store several revolvers, razors, umbrellas, shoes, etc.

Friday evening they were seen at Coburn, later at Spring Mills, evidently following the railroad. About two o'clock Saturday morning they made an attempt to enter the Penn's Valley Bank, by removing a large light in the front, which wakened the watchman, William McClenahan, who at once opened fire on them. They were evidently frightened as they left a basket containing some eatables, the tools which they had taken from the planing mill of A. P. Luse & Son, several umbrellas, and smaller articles.

They went back to the railroad and took a hand car, and next turned up at Linden Hall, where they broke into the store of J. H. Ross, who also has the postoffice. Here they were again frightened off, but came back the second time and succeeded in getting a few stamps and a small amount of money. They then broke into the cellar of W. A. Catherman, a near neighbor of Mr. Ross, and took eatables and a tin pail, which was hanging on the fence. This pail proved their downfall as this was what they were identified by.

By the time they were through at Linden Hall it was about daylight. They then took the public road back toward Centre Hall and came as far as L. R. Lingle's farm, about one and one-half miles from Centre Hall where they crossed the fields toward Potters Mills, evidently with the intention of going to Milroy.

To Mr. Ross belongs the credit of their arrest. He at once started after them with a rifle and when fully daylight found their tracks which he and Wm. Catherman and Harry Hagen followed to where they took to the field. They found that a number of people had seen them carrying the tin pail which belonged to Mr. Catherman. Mr. Catherman came on to Centre Hall and made information against them before Justice W. B. Mingle, who issued a warrant and placed it in the hands of a constable.

W. F. Bradford was just about starting to fish at Pat. Garrity's place in the Seven Mountains, and heard Mr. Ross' story and description of the men. In about half an hour afterward he learned at Potters Mills that the gang had been there.

They had taken the public road across the mountains. Mr. Bradford at once notified Mr. Mingle, who told him to follow and keep track of them until the officers would follow. Mr. Mingle found the constable was not acting and called District Attorney Spangler who with the help of Harry Keller, persuaded the Commissioners to send Sheriff Taylor to the mountains.

WOODWARD POST OFFICE ROBBED

$150.00 in Stamps, Revolvers, Umbrellas, Shoes, Etc. Missing.

The postoffice at Woodward was robbed Thursday night of last week. The raiders secured $5.00 in cash and about $150 00 in stamps of various denominations, revolvers, watches, knives, five pairs of shoes, three umbrellas, razors, and other articles.

The post office is located in the general store of Mrs. R. M. Wolf, who succeeded her late husband as postmistress and merchant. Entrance was gained by the way of the front door, and exit by the rear. Once in the building the robbery was easy, because there was no safe to encounter, the stamps and money being kept in drawers.

The robbers left no clew whatever of their identity, where they came from or whither they went.

Conveyed to Hospital.

Monday morning Sheriff Taylor and Commissioner P. H. Meyer, County Physician R. G. H. Hayes and Liveryman Baum drove to Potters Mills and conveyed James Geltwalt, the injured prisoner, to the Bellefonte hospital.

Names of Burglars.

James Geltwalt.
Wm. Palmer.
James Ryan.
Samuel Shireman.

A Nerve Test.

Before beginning to remove the window light, in the Penns Valley Bank building, a stone was pitched through one of the exchange windows in order to discover whether or not any resistance would come from that quarter. Mrs. Anna Boozer lay sleeping on a couch under the window and was thoroughly frightened.

Three prisoners to the left. First William Palmer, facing front; James Ryan standing in front of Samuel Shireman. This view was taken in less than three minutes after the prisoners had been handcuffed. The trio endeavored to avoid the camera, and it was only by deception that the view was taken.

THE BOOTY.

$12.62 in Cash, Postage Stamps, Revolvers, Explosives, Ammunition, Watches, Jewelry, Etc.

When the looters were safely handcuffed a quick survey of the old stable and adjoining sheds was made. The booty found in the stable and pockets of the now very meek and docile men is here enumerated:

In the stable were found two razors, a pint of nitroglycerine, stick of dynamite, a revolver, postage stamps, in various denominations, to the value of $167.44. In the pockets of the men were found a half dozen or more revolvers, razors, twenty-five percussion caps, about seventy-five rounds of ammunition, watches and jewelry.

Before leaving the stable, Sheriff Taylor deputized Messrs Garrity to thoroughly search the premises, and in fulfilling their duty they unearthed the postage stamps by digging in a pile of manure in one of the stalls.

Look Out for Fake Pictures.

The outlaws repeatedly turned their backs to the Reporter's camera, and it was only by deception that one of the three had his face exposed. Pictures that appear in newspapers, other than those credited to the Reporter, purporting to be a likeness of the outlaws, are more than likely fakes. The Reporter's camera was the only one on the ground, and it is not likely that the men, after the excitement was over, would permit their pictures to be taken for newspaper use. The man on the sliding board was utterly helpless and could not avoid being pictured in this journal.

Sunday several views were taken of the old Foust stable with men stationed around the building, which will be palmed off as the "real thing." The only views taken on the day of the tragedy will be reproduced in the Reporter. These views were taken just as the incidents took place without any preparation whatever.

Centre Reporter $1.00 in advance.

IGNORE THE REGICIDES

United States Government Will Follow the British Course.

COLONEL MISCHICH IS HONORED.

For the Present Minister Jackson Will Not Present His Credentials to King Peter—France and Holland Will Also Await the New King's Action Toward the Assassins.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The United States government has adopted an attitude similar to that of England toward the new Servian dynasty. It will be in no haste to recognize a government created by assassination in the absence of some exhibition of a disposition to punish the guilty. Therefore Mr. Jackson, who, besides being minister to Greece, is also United States minister to Servia, will not present his credentials to the government of King Peter at present.

In fact, these credentials have not been prepared. He had credentials to King Alexander which he had never presented, and he was actually on his way from Athens to Belgrade at the time of the assassination of the King to whom he was about to present his papers.

It happens that the trade between the United States and Servia is trifling, and the interests of the two countries touch at few points, so that there is really little embarrassment likely to follow the failure to establish diplomatic relations.

Paris (By Cable).—Foreign Minister Delcasse's colleagues express the belief that he is likely to deprecate the Servian tragedies by an expression similar to those of Russia and Austria; but it is pointed out that King Peter took the initiative in the cases of Russia and Austria by telegraphing to the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, thus affording them the opportunity for Austrian responses, whereas the Servian King has not addressed the other powers, and, consequently, has not given them an opportunity to make rejoinders.

The opportunity, however, will come when the question of the recognition of King Peter arises. In the meanwhile the French Minister at Belgrade has been instructed to restrict his action to current routine affairs and to maintain a neutral attitude toward the new regime until the question of the King's recognition is formally decided. This will not come to the front until after King Peter's arrival in Belgrade, his formal assumption of power and his notice of that assumption to the foreign ministers.

The Hague (By Cable).—The Dutch representative at Belgrade has been instructed to assume the same attitude as Great Britain toward the provisional government of Servia.

YOUTH KILLS HIS SWEETHEART.

Elmer Heath Shoots Kitty Adkins at Salisbury, Md.

Salisbury, Md. (Special).—One of the most shocking tragedies in the history of Salisbury occurred about 8 o'clock p. m., in that section of the city known as Canton, just beyond the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad Station.

Elmer Heath, a young man about 20 years of age, shot and instantly killed his sweetheart, Miss Katie Adkins, and immediately turned the pistol upon himself and put three bullets into his own head.

He dropped the smoking weapon and ran across the street for about 100 yards and fell upon his face. He was found within 15 minutes after the shooting of the young girl and was put in an ambulance and carried to the jail.

The doctors think Heath will live, as the wounds, though serious, are not necessarily fatal.

Japan's Demand for Open Ports.

Yokohama (By Cable).—The Japanese minister at Peking filed a formal demand on the Chinese Foreign Office for the opening of Mukden and Tai-Tung-Chou to foreign trade. The Chinese officials replied that circumstances were not favorable to the opening of the cities mentioned. The American and British representatives are supporting Japan's demands. Minister Conger is also demanding the opening of Harbin, Manchuria.

Man Falls Fifty Feet.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—The jury in the case of Line Linnier, Company I, Twenty-fifth Infantry, charged with the murder of Sergeant Robert Yours, of the same company, has brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, but eliminating the sentence of capital punishment. The verdict, under United States laws, carries with it imprisonment for life. The killing occurred at Fort Niobrara, Nebraska, April 17, 1903.

Strikers Must Work.

Iinton, Ind. (Special).—The 600 striking miners who stopped work in the Island Coal Company's mines last week have returned to work in compliance with the ultimatum of President John Mitchell. It is understood that the miners were compelled to return to work or surrender their charters and suffer other workmen to take their places.

Queen Draga's Sisters.

Belgrade (By Cable).—Queen Draga's sisters, who arrived at Vienna, traveled second class on the train to Vienna. They say they are ruined. They were only given $400 to defray the expense of the journey, and they do not expect to receive anything more. They intend to seek an audience of Emperor Francis Joseph and try to obtain justice.

Killed in Mine Disaster.

Raton, N. M. (Special).—Five men were killed by an explosion which wrecked Mine No. 2 of the Raton Coal and Coke Company, at Blossburg, N. M. The dead are Joe Ehesnic, Tony Nation, Jack Stolm, Tom Poiser and Alfonso Deme. Jack Bell, fire boss, was bady burned and Harry Mussell had several ribs broken. The explosion is believed to have been caused by a windy shot. The mine was inspected less than two weeks ago.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

Domestic.

Judge Waddill, in the United States Court in Richmond, Va., decided that by applying for a receiver the Trigg Shipbuilding Company did not commit an act of bankruptcy.

James McKinney, the last of the outlaws who broke out of prison at Glasgow, Mont., was shot to death by a farmer, in whose icehouse he had taken refuge.

Frank C. Jappe, cashier and bookkeeper for the Frank Leslie Publishing Company in New York, was arrested, charged with robbing the company of about $10,000.

George Bartuski, who claimed to be a violin virtuoso, was arrested in Elizabeth, N. J., on the charge of being a counterfeiter.

Vice President Loomis, of the Delaware and Lackawanna, declared there would be enough hard coal to supply all demands this year.

Lightning struck a hut stored with 3000 pounds of dynamite near Senecaville, O. Six men were killed in the explosion and a score injured.

Maurice O'Hearn, a night watchman, was shot and killed by a suspicious-looking man whom he had challenged.

The court in Pittsburg allowed Dr. W. C. Browning $34,163.18 against the estate of the late C. L. Magee.

The State Bank of Oakley, Kan., was robbed. The robbers got between $4000 and $5000.

Otto Thornert, an electrical expert, was instantly killed by touching a live wire while inspecting a switchboard of the Germantown Electric Light Company, Philadelphia.

The one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the evacuation of Valley Forge by the Continental Army was observed by a patriotic celebration in Philadelphia.

Three Slav miners were fatally burned by a powder explosion in the home of Nate Glazes, one of the victims, in the mining settlement of Twilight, Pa.

The jury in the Jett-White case, in Jackson, Ky., reported to Judge Redwine that it was impossible to agree upon a verdict and was discharged.

"Kentucky" Joe Miller, charged with numerous postoffice robberies, and a man known as "Leon," escaped from jail at Morristown, Tenn.

Hoffman Phillip, American vice and deputy consul general at Tangiers, Morocco, is in this country on a brief trip for his health.

The Brooklyn grand jury began an investigation of the sale of cash registers to the Postoffice Department.

George Durham and Fred Underwood were hanged in Clarksville, Ark., for the murder of Sheriff John H. Powers.

William C. Van Benthuysen, of the editorial staff of the World, died at his home, in New York.

The Carnegie Steel Company and the Amalgamated Association signed a wage scale in Pittsburg.

William Harden, the escaped murderer, was shot to death by a posse in the Bad Lands.

Twenty-five Chinamen were caught stealing across the Canadian border near Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Mme. Morelli was badly torn and bitten by a leopard at the animal show at Coney Island.

Foreign.

The United States European Squadron arrived at Byborg, Island of Funen, Denmark, en route to Kiel. The funeral of the colored boy who had been attached to one of the ships caused a remarkable demonstration.

Premier Zanardelli, of Italy, has been unable to construct an entirely new cabinet, as most of the leaders of the other parties voted against the government.

King Christian has issued a decree declaring adherence of Denmark to the Berne International Copyright Convention of 1886, to become operative July 1st.

Claims of Italian subjects have been presented to the Santo Domingo government and an Italian warship has arrived at Santo Domingo.

Ten persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the greater part of the village of Moenich-Kirichen, Lower Austria.

P. A. McHugh, the Irish M. P., was released from Sligo jail, having served the sentence imposed for contempt of court.

The wife of Samuel Jameson, an American, became deranged in Paris and the husband committed suicide.

According to reports in Paris, the Spanish advocate, Cotarello, informed the French government of the whereabouts of the Humbert family because his son was in love with Eve Humbert, daughter of Mme. Humbert, and refused to give the girl up.

Members of the United States International Exchange Commission state that they have secured from the British government all the support they expected for the project of giving stability to the monetary systems of the silver-using countries.

The bodies of Hans Pagel and Hermina Scheler, his sweetheart, who had been missing from Strassburg, were found in an abyss near Bregenz. The man had shot the girl, thrown her body over a precipice, and then killed himself.

The President of France has signed the pardon of Gabrielle Bompard, the woman who, with the aid of a confederate, murdered a process server in 1899 and was sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude.

Lord Grey, director of the British South Africa, regretted Booker Washington's declination of the invitation to visit South Africa and suggest a plan for bettering the conditions of the people.

Japan has made demand upon China for the opening of Mukden and Tai Tung Chou to foreign trade. The United States and Great Britain support Japan's demands.

Financial.

The Pennsylvania has applied to list $79,000,000 new stock on the New York Exchange.

The United States Treasurer's surplus for the first half of June was $7,000,000. The total surplus for the year ending with this month will be about $53,000,000. Unless the Treasury can pay out some money on Panama Canal purchases Secretary Shaw will have to evolve some plan for getting this surplus money out of the Treasury. He may again go into the market and purchase Government bonds.

OPERATORS GRIEVANCES

Coal Companies Complain to Conciliation Board.

CHARGES AND COUNTER CHARGES.

Surprise for the Miners in Charges to Be Made by the Companies—Petty Strikes, Interference With Nonunion Men and Staying Away from Work Unexpectedly Some of the Accusations.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (Special).—When the conciliation board meets in this city this week the operators will have grievances to be adjusted, as well as the miners, and this will be a surprise to many of the latter, who believed that the coal companies had nothing to complain of.

The operators will take exception to the many petty strikes, which are the cause of much inconvenience and annoyance; also that the nonunion men are being interfered with, and that the coal output is lessened by the practice of employes remaining at home on certain days without permission.

The miners will offset this with the charge of discrimination; that some of the men active in the strike have not been given work since; that the award of the commission has been violated by a change in the condition of mining at many places, which does not permit the miners to make as much now as before the strike, and that the operators have broken all custom in the Schuylkill region by having the men work an hour longer on Saturday.

Among other important questions which the miners want settled will be the reduction of yardage, check weighmen, hours of labor for drivers and company hands.

LIGHTNING EXPLODES DYNAMITE.

Six Men Were Blown to Pieces and a Score or More Injured.

Cambridge, O. (Special).—Lightning struck a hut stored with 3000 pounds of dynamite at the new mines now being opened, near Senecaville, 12 miles from here, during a storm, killing six men and injuring a score of others, besides ruining the mine shaft and breaking nearly all the windows in Senecaville, a mining town of 300 people, half a mile from the mine. The men killed and injured were carpenters and others employed in opening the mines and building the shafting. When the storm came up the men took refuge in John Saltzgaber's barn, some distance from the mine. Suddenly a blinding flash came and in an instant the barn was demolished and the men scattered over a radius of 100 feet. More than a score of men were bleeding from injuries sustained from heavy rocks torn from the earth and from the timbers from the blacksmith shop.

To Train After-dinner Speakers.

Madison, Wis. (Special).—At the dinner of the alumni of the University of Wisconsin it was proposed to establish at the University a department for the cultivation of humor, such as after-dinner speaking, story-telling and cartooning. D. W. Smith, of Milwaukee, asserted that polished after-dinner speakers and story-tellers were more successful in life than men with degress in philosophy, art and literature. The matter will be submitted to the faculty.

Big Prices for Fancy Hogs.

Peru, Ind. (Special).—Record prices were paid at the Poland China swine sale at Macy, Ind. The aggregate sales of the two days were more than $60,000 for the 96 head that were offered. The highest price paid for one hog was for "Ideal Sunrise," which approximated $17,957. A half interest in Majestic Perfection was sold for $4400 to Wilkinson Brothers of Cynthiana.

Many Hurt in Factory Crash.

New York (Special).—There were many miraculous escapes in the collapse of an old-fashioned six-story building at 49 Bowery. Although there were 32 people employed on the floor that gave way first, only one person, a woman, was killed. Her body was taken out of the ruins shortly before 2 o'clock. Nine persons were more or less badly crushed and bruised, although they chiefly suffered from shock.

Great Gold Reef Found.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—It is announced from Tomsk, West Siberia, that a gold reef seven feet wide has been discovered in the forests bordering the River Barikule. The trial workings yielded 6 to 14 pounds of pure gold for every 400 poods (14,428 pounds) of material extracted.

Ten Killed in Passenger Wreck.

Waterloo, Ia. (Special).—An Illinois Central passenger train, which left Omaha at 7.50 P. M., collided head on with a freight train just west of Raymond, Ia., at 2.40 A. M. Ten were killed, among them both enginees and firemen and a mail clerk. It took four hours to clear the track of the wreckage. The trains met at a curve. The passenger train, which had the right of way, was going at the rate of 50 miles an hour. The freight crew is said to have misunderstood their orders.

A Soldier Convicted of Murder.

Trenton, N. J. (Special).—John Carnel is the hero of East Trenton, and is hoarse telling of a unique experience he had in falling from the Lincoln avenue bridge and escaping unhurt. He was leaning over the railing to attract the attention of a man on the railroad track beneath when he lost his balance. He went down 50 feet and landed in a bunch. To prove that he was not injured he danced a jig for the bystanders and then walked home unassisted.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Extra Session Program.

As the President is preparing to leave Washington at the end of the week he is notifying the members of Congress who call upon him now that he expects to spend the next two months, if not more, at his summer home, Oyster Bay. He has given notice that he wants a good rest, as he expects to return to Washington early in the fall, so as to be ready for the extra session of Congress which he has determined to call on November 9. It has been known for some time that the President has settled upon November 9 as the date for calling Congress in extra session, and during his Western trip he confirmed this belief by semiofficially announcing the fact. The President, therefore, expects to be back in Washington sometime before this date, so as to get everything in readiness for the assembling of Congress.

Representative Cannon, of Illinois, who is to be the next Speaker of the House, has been in Washington for the last week and has had frequent consultations with the President on the assembling of Congress one month before the date fixed by law. Mr. Cannon, who is assured of election as Speaker, favors the early calling of Congress, and having been acquainted with the President's desires as to what the extra session should do, he will be ready to announce enough committees of the House to enable that body to transact business. Mr. Cannon does not intend to announce all of his committees until the regular session is called in December, but as the extra session will be called chiefly to consider the legislation necessary to make operative the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty, he will be ready to announce the Ways and Means Committee, as well as Rules, Mileage and Accounts, and perhaps one or two others that may be necessary.

Consular Appointments.

Announcement was made at the State Department of these consular appointments:

John G. Foster, Vermont, vice Charles E. Turner, Consul-General at Ottawa; Robert Woods Bliss, vice Carl B. Hurst, Consul at Vienna; James Verner Long, Pennsylvania, vice Frank W. Jackson, Consul at Patras, Greece; Edward Higgins, Massachusetts, vice A. L. Frankenthal, Consul at Berne, Switzerland.

Mr. Bliss is from New York and is at present private secretary to Governor Hunt, of Porto Rico.

John G. Foster, appointed Consul-General at Ottawa, is promoted from Halifax, where he has been Consul-General for six years.

Sugar Countervailing Duty.

In answer to an inquiry received through the Secretary of State, the Treasury Department stated that a countervailing duty will be collected after September 1 next, as heretofore, on all sugar imported into the United States from countries which pay an export bounty on the same.

Last year a conference was held in Brussels of practically all of the sugar-producing countries of Europe, at which it was agreed that all export bounties on sugar should be discontinued after September 1, 1903. Russia did not participate in this conference, asserting that it did not give a bounty on sugar exports.

New Philippine Coins.

Hoffman Phillip, American Vice-Consul-General at Tangiers, Morocco, called at the State Department and made an informal report on the situation at his post. The conflict between the Sultan of Morocco and the pretender, he reported, is increasing in bitterness. The pretender's popularity has increased greatly during the last few months, and the Sultan is believed to be losing ground with his subjects.

Pretender Gaining in Morocco.

Secretary Root, at the last Cabinet meeting, presented each of his fellow-Cabinet members, as well as the President, with a set of new coins being struck off by this country for the Philippine Islands. There are eight pieces in each set, running up to the peso. The fiscal agents of the Philippine Government in New York are selling the coins at a premium.

In the Departments.

An investigation is now to be made of the Money Order Bureau and the Dead Letter Office of the Postoffice Department.

Dr. C. L. Bennett, United States commercial agent at Aguas Calientas, Mexico, died there from cerebral hemorrhage.

The postoffice investigation has resulted in some changes in the organization of the rural free delivery service.

Secretary Root issued an order assigning Major General S. B. M. Young as chief of staff, with Major General Henry C. Corbin and Brigadier General William H. Carter as the other general staff officers. Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss is to become president of the War College.

Attorney General Knox submitted an opinion affirming the right of the government to disregard the injunction issued by the Virginia judge, which forbade the resumption of work on the Galveston.

William H. McLanahan, a bookbinder in the Government Printing Office, dropped dead from heart disease.

The Treasury Department's statistics show that the commerce of the year will exceed $2,000,000,000.

The Postmaster General has designated E. F. Kimball, chief clerk in the money order division, to succeed Jas. T. Metcalf at the head of the bureau. The appointment is temporary.

A number of consular appointments was announced at the State Department.

Charges are made that Charles Hedges, superintendent of the City Delivery Service of the Postoffice Department, urged Congress to act favorably upon certain claims.

The President has appointed several cadets to West Point Military Academy.

Major General Frank Wheaton, retired, is dead, aged 70 years.

Advices to the State Department indicate that opposition to the Panama Canal Treaty is increasing in Colombia.

CZAR'S LIFE IN DANGER

Would-Be Assassin Stopped at Door to Monarch's Apartment.

HAD PASSED THE OUTER GUARDS.

He Wore an Army Officer's Uniform—May Have Been Sympathizer With Kishenef Victims—All London Startled By the Report of the Attempt on the Russian Ruler's Life.

Moscow (By Cable).—An attempt has been made to assassinate the Czar. It was frustrated at only the last moment.

The attempt was made at Tsarscoesel on the eve of the court's departure for the imperial villa, the new Petershof. The would-be assassin was cleverly gotten up for his desperate deed, for he wore the uniform of an officer of the first class in the Russian Army. He had passed the outer circle of guards, and was about to gain access to the Czar's apartments, when the trick was detected by his lack of knowledge of a secret countersign.

The Belgrade assassinations threw the Czar into a terrible state of nervous prostration and extraordinary, secret precautions were taken, one set of the large number of guards placed on duty checking off the other. If it had not been for these extra guards the assassin would have been successful, for he possessed all the countersigns necessary to reach the very door of the Czar's apartment, but here the new secret password tripped him.

He is believed to have been an ardent sympathizer of those who were murdered by the Russians at Kisheneff.

The Czar was not informed of the attempt on his life.

The news from Moscow of the attempt on the Czar's life gave London a shock.

It is well known here how the Czar lives in constant dread of the assassins who encircle him, and one dispatch received the day after the Belgrade horror related that the Czar was so overcome with nervousness that he retired to his private apartments and remained there for twelve hours, canceling a number of important engagements of state. From English official sources a list of no less than twenty attempts, or threats, on the life of the Czar since 1895 have been compiled. They include nearly every line employed by Russian assassins.

LORENZ PATIENTS PROGRESSING.

Removal of Casts Disclose that Crippled Limbs Are Becoming Normal.

New York (Special).—Two of the first children operated on by Dr. Lorenz in this city last winter have had the casts removed at the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, in this city. One of the removals was effected Friday, and the results were notably satisfactory.

The case was that of Madeline Devereaux, seven years old. Dr. Lorenz had treated her for congenital hip disease, and she had been able to walk around soon afterward. She was notified a few days ago to appear at the hospital, and she did so. The doctors found that the bone was in place and the leg was lowered without difficulty. A new cast was put in place, and in a few months it will be removed and the leg lowered still further.

Another removal was that of Charles Solt, five and a half years old, upon whom Dr. Lorenz operated at the Vanderbilt clinic. He, too, had suffered from congenital hip disease, and Dr. Lorenz placed the bone in its socket. The boy has been comfortable ever since. Both children are still at the hospital, but were reported to be doing splendidly.

New Way to Take One's Life.

New York (Special).—Saying she wanted to die a happy death, and believing that ice cream in large quantities would produce the desired result, Miss Amelia Sternberg, of Morristown, was discovered eating sweet stuff by the tablespoonful. When found she had already devoured more than a gallon and was fast emptying a two-gallon freezer. At the police station it was discovered that she was a patient at the State Hospital at Morris Plains and had escaped early in the evening. She said that she ran away for the purpose of dying and would have hung herself had she not thought that a few quarts of ice cream would freeze her to death and put a happy end to her existence.

John Mitchell in Ill Health.

Indianapolis (Special).—On account of illhealth, brought on by his recent duties in the East, President John Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers, was unable to attend "Mitchell Day" celebration held by the miners at Winslow, Pike county, Ind. The address of the day was made by Secretary William B. Wilson.

Landslide in North Carolina.

Asheville, N. C. (Special.—Another landslide has occurred on Saluda Mountain, in the cut on the Southern Railway that was filled by the slide of last week, and railroad authorities say that it will be at least a month before the track can be cleared for through traffic.

6,000 Reported Lost.

Madrid (By Cable).—According to a dispatch received here from Tangier, El Menebhi, the Moorish war minister, has lost 6000 men in a battle fought with the rebels at Amniedinna.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

At Richmond, Va., Judge Grinnan, of the Richmond Chancery Court, granted an injunction restraining Lieutenants Theiss and Grosdeck, United States Navy, from proceeding further towards the launching of the cruiser Galveston, under construction in the Trigg shipyards. The Navy Department is not disposed to stand for the interference.

There was a small attendance of mill men at a meeting in Charlotte, N. C., to effect a merger of mills. Such a step is not believed to be practical.

TRAGEDY IN ASHE COUNTY, N. C.

Aged Father Badly Wounded and Wife Terribly Cut.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—A report reached here from Hemlock, Ashe county, N. C., that at midnight Christopher Davis, who lives near that place, arose from his bed, and taking his ax, crept to the bedside of his guests, Levi Barker and his father, Alfred Barker, from Virginia, and with two well-aimed blows at the head of Levi Barker, one in front of the right ear and the other just behind the ear, killed him.

Davis, then, it is stated, turned on the father with the ax and nearly severed his left arm just below the shoulder. Mr. Barker jumped from the bed and attempted to save himself by running from the house. He was wounded 11 times.

Davis' wife, aroused from slumber by the noise, rushed after the struggling men into the yard. Her husband is said to have struck her with the ax, nearly severing one breast, a second wound being just below the heart, almost exposing it to view. Davis then carried his wife to bed, and washed and dressed her wounds. He took Levi Barker's knife from the latter's pocket, it is stated, and placed it in Mr. Barker's hand and closed the fingers of the dying man. Then he roused one of his little girls and dressing the baby, sent her to his father's. Mr. Alfred Barker also made his way to old Mr. Davis' house, and is now lying probably at the point of death at that place.

Davis is supposed to be insane. He is said to have had an attack of insanity about eight months ago, but was supposed to be better. Last week he began to show signs of mental derangement. Thursday he killed the family cat, apparently without any provocation. The same day he made some threats of cutting his own throat with a razor. Friday evening his old-time friends and acquaintances, the Barkers, from Virginia, arrived at his house and were urged to stay all night.

The dead man, Mr. Levi Barker, leaves a widow and five children. About 10 years ago Davis had a fight with an associate over a game of cards, in which it is said he inflicted an almost fatal cut in the body of James Branch.

Mr. Davis' father was wounded at the battle of Gettysburg, having lost a limb in that terrible conflict.

Mr. Alfred Barker's family, his friends say, seems to be doomed to bad luck. He had five sons. One was killed some years ago jumping from a moving train; another met his death near this place from a tree which rolled down the hill, crushing him. This tragedy robs Mr. Barker of another son and may cost him his own life.

The homicide occurred on the night of June 13. Davis was confined in the Jefferson jail the next night.

CASSATT AND GOULD WAR OVER.

Gould Broker Says Conflicting Interests Have Come to Agreement.

New York (Special).—For the first time in weeks Pennsylvania stock moved up aggressively, and in a degree commensurate to the movement in the general list, advancing about two points.

Washington Connor, the broker, who is supposed to be familiar with the general plans of the Gould interests, commenting on this, says there is now absolutely no friction between the Pennsylvania and Gould companies. "Any trouble that has existed has absolutely disappeared," said Mr. Connor. "There have been no differences for weeks, and the stories still out are purely the work of operators." The last question in dispute—the height of a bridge—was settled before President Ramsey, of the Wabash, went to Europe.

"It may seem odd that stories of a tremendous fight were without basis, but it is a fact. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who have underwritten the new issue of Pennsylvania stock, are financing the Missouri Pacific construction bonds."

Mr. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., said he did not care to comment upon Mr. Connor's interview.

The Wabash demonstration was said to have been more by brokers said to be aiding for the junior Standard Oil crowd. In connection with the activity in these issues the report was circulated that the Gould-Rockefeller interests had acquired control of Erie in the interest of the Wabash system, and that the documents combining the two roads were all drawn up, and only needed the signatures of the contracting parties.

To March on Mad Mullah.

Aden, Arabia (By Cable).—The British lines of communication between Berbera and Bohotle, Somaliland, East Africa, are threatened by the forces of the Mad Mullah. Three companies of the Hampshire Regiment and 300 native troops have been ordered to proceed to Somaliland June 20. Further confirmation has been received of the reports that three British officers are prisoners in the camp of the Mullah. About 14,000 Abyssinians are now co-operating with the British against the Mullah's forces.

Ban of Croatia Insulted.

Agram, Croatia (By Cable.)—The Diet held its first meeting here since the outbreak of the recent disorders in Croatia. When the Ban of Croatia entered the chamber he was received with insults by the opposition and shouts of "Criminal! May you be hanged!" He remained quiet, though pale, for some time, but as the uproar continued he left the chamber. Later he returned and his reappearance caused a renewal of the scenes. Finally the sitting had to be abandoned.

A Tramp in Her Bed.

Winsted, Ct. (Special).—Returning home at dusk, Miss Nettie Granger heard loud snoring in her bedroom. She found a tramp in her bed, his clothes hung on a chair. She hastened out of the house to Edward Yale's Tavern. "There's a man in my house," she said as she opened the tavern door, "and he's in my bed, too." Yale went and sat on the tramp while she got the constable. The tramp, who described himself as George Springer, of Torrington, was remanded for trial.

AGRICULTURE IN RUSSIA.

A VAST COUNTRY DEPENDENT ON HER NATURAL RICHES.

Agricultural Interests Must be Developed in the Central and Southern Districts, Leaving the North, Where the Soil is Poor, to the Factories.

Russia is and always must be chiefly dependent on her natural richness so long as criminal improvidence and reckless housekeeping have not wholly exhausted them, and among these the direct produce of the soil and the agriculturists' labor would be almost inexhaustible were the money employed in creating artificial branches of national income used in introducing and teaching the peasantry improved methods of cultivation, in preventing the impoverishment of the soil, or rather in reclaiming it, for the impoverishment is an accomplished fact, and in effecting the irrigation and canalization which the destruction of the forests has rendered necessary by causing countless springs and small lakes to dry up. Such at least must be the programme for the centre and south, leaving factories for the north, where the best that can be done with the soil is to coax from it crops sufficient to feed the tillers from year's end to year's end.

In the last quarter of a century Russian industry has increased fourfold. While in 1877 the total sum of manufacturing industry hardly reached 540,000,000 it had in 1897 mounted to 1,800,000,000, and now, in 1891, it has attained and may soon pass the two millaird mark. Some branches have increased twenty-five fold; 74,000,000 worth of steel was made in 1897, while 1877 had only 3,000,000 worth to show.

There is no doubt that Russian industry has taken abnormally gigantic strides. But how is it meanwhile with farming? It is at a standstill, to say the worst. The destruction of forests for fuel and for railway sleepers has denuded Central Russia. Hand in hand with this destruction, droughts are getting to be a chronic evil, and so are famines. At the same time the rapid increase of population makes the land allotments more and more insufficient, and the country people, growing poorer and poorer, stop buying things Under such conditions most of the undertakings rest all their hopes on government orders and fail if orders are not forthcoming in time.

And still we push on, and on; still we go on "promoting" and "floating" new companies, draining the country's savings where there are any left, and when these give out calling in foreign capital. The result is production outrunning demand, and when that is the case only one end is possible.

There is no need to dwell on the revolution effected in the rural economy of the country by the transition from serf labor to hired labor, for Americans —at least southerners—have gone through much the same experience during the same years, too. There is this difference, that Russian landlords were compelled to give up the largest part of their lands and received the price of them in a lump. It would seem at first sight as though, being thus placed in possession of a handsome capital, cash down, they had a chance to start farming on their greatly restricted domains on broad, rational principles and according to the most up-to-date methods. That is theory. Practically, it was the last thing they could have done.

Most of the estates lay under heavy mortgages, the amount of which being deducted from the redemption payments left the owners in many cases but a slender cash residue. Then—and that was the worst of the situation —most of them knew very little about farming and less about management, thrift and business generally. The money somehow slipped through their fingers and they were left with lands which, to only too many, were more a hindrance than a means of support. Many began to sell their lands piecemeal—to village communes, to wealthy shopkeepers, to individual peasants of the genus known as "fists" (usurers, buyers of anything and everything that promises a sure profit), making, of course, disastrous bargains. Some rented to farmers for money or on shares (the latter arrangement generally proving unsatisfactory); some sent a bailiff to managed the estate, collect the income, and send them as much of it as he chose. A few braced up for real work and went to live on their estates, sensibly expecting to learn as they went, and to gather the prosperity which mother earth keeps in store for those who do not hold themselves above devoting their best powers to the care of her.

What has been accomplished, under untold difficulties, by these few, is more than sufficient to show what immense results might be achieved if what is now the exception became the rule. Unfortunately, such a course requires, first of all, some of the very qualities in which the average Russian character is conspicuously deficient—a stubborn will, great perseverance and contempt of obstacles, patience under rebuffs, and under the thousand and one worries born of misdirected conservatism in some quarters and the wholesale ignorance of the masses. All these things have to be fought and conquered, and that they can be conquered, slowly it is true, and by bits, the few who hold out are showing.

The average Russian, generous and well-meaning, takes hold enthusiastically, works resolutely for a time, but is quickly discouraged. Stolidity, ill-will, lack of comprehension, wound him most of all, lame him, and he goes away. Few, indeed, are content to plough and sow and tend the crop which they cannot live to harvest. But there are such.—Z. Ragozin, in the New York Commercial Advertiser.

IN THE PROPERTY ROOM.

A Varied Collection of Articles in the Old Boston Museum.

Some idea of the varied collection of objects which accumulate in the property room of a theatre is to be obtained from a description of the contents of the old Boston Museum property room. In a general way the public has learned to know that the "property man" of a theatre is one who looks after such details of the productions as concern chairs and tables the bottles that the people pour their liquor from, and the pen and ink used by the heroine to indite her loving messages.

The master of properties must still be a resourceful person, but in the old days, where the frequent changes of bills necessitated additional "props" every week or to, the ingenuity of this functionary was often taxed to the utmost.

The apothecary's shop in "Romeo and Juliet" wasn't a circumstance to the old property-manufacturing shop in the cellar of the museum, where may be seen the skulls and crossbones stuffed animals of both wild and domestic species, wings for witches, angels and devils, and other curious things that can't be enumerated in a column. The animals, both real and of papier mache, repose on shelves all around the walls, a wierd, grinning, motley troupe of once indispensable stage characters that would have brought their possessor to the stake in witchcraft days, and all destined for the dirt heap within a few days.

There are the wolves' heads with gleaming teeth, fangs and eyes, that were wont to be thrust beneath the door of the log cabin which the stout arm of Frank Mayo held in place in the thrilling honeymoon scene in "Davy Crockett." The big bellows with which Tilly Slowboy once blew the fire in "The Cricket on the Hearth" hangs upon the wall, and the cradle in which she rocked the baby lies in the corner. In another corner are stacked old rusty muskets, including some flintlocks that defended the breast works in Dr. Jones' centennial drama, "The Battle of Bunker Hill," twenty-eight years ago.

From the center of the ceiling suspended by strings hang three mangy-looking stuffed animals that were once features in everything the moral lessons taught by the waxwork tableaus, sold more than a decade ago. For sixty years these animals, a domestic cat, a dog and a monkey, have been comrades, but they must now go the way of all else identified with the museum.

The cat and dog, now half hairless and showing repulsively their dried-up gums and loosened teeth, used to be pictures of ease and contentment when representing the sole objects of the affection of the old maid and the old bach in a wax tableau.

The monkey had his mission to fill also, but what it was is now forgotten. Of late years he has been hung by a movable string before the door of the room in such a way that he would drop with a dull thud on the breast of any one entering the door, a startling experience for an unsuspecting stranger, which has contributed to the enjoyment of the property man's life, however.

In another part of the cellar is stored a raft of stage furniture of every kind. There are the seats of Caesar and Brutus from the senate house, the royal chairs of Macbeth and his restless helpmate, the big, glittering chair in which John Wilkes Booth was crowned as Richard III., and the gracefully formed mediaval chairs in which Hamlet has oft pondered the proposition, "To be or not to be."

There are stacks of spears and halberds and Roman standards, and a pathetic souvenir in the shape of a rude effigy of burlap stuffed with excelsior which is recognized as the dummy used in the burial of Ophelio, over which the queen strews flowers and weeps and says, "Sweets to the swe fair maid."—Boston Globe.

How the Fish Was Drowned.

A German scientist—he could only have been German—once conceived we are told, a plan to train a fish to live out of water. He placed a thriving little carp in a small tank and with infinite patience and great exactness removed from the tank one spoonful of water every day, at the same time increasing gradually the amount of oxygen in the water. In time the water barely covered the carp, and still it thrived. The quantity of water continued to diminish and, by slowly adapting its method of breathing to the new conditions, the fish began to breathe air and, indeed, became quite terrestrial in its habits before the tank was entirely dry. The scientist had grown to love the carp He fed it from his own hand, and now that it was living in the same element with himself, he took it from the tank and left it as free to follow its own devices as was the family cat. The little fish also loved its mater. It followed him about from place to place, flopping along after him, stopping only occasionally to leap for a passing fly. One day the scientist was crossing a bridge. The carp, as usual, was at his heels, enjoying the pleasant air of the country side and uttering from time to time a little sound expressive of delight and contentment. About the middle of the bridge a fat house-fly was sunning itself on the rail. The carp spied the fly and jumped for it, but miscalculating the distance, went over the rail into the river—and was drowned.—The Great Rural World.

The Problem of Preserving Liberty.

By Arthur T. Hadley,

President of Yale University.

THE theory that each man should be left free to do what he pleased, especially in economic matters, with as little restraint from law as possible, was very popular during the first half of the nineteenth century. During the last half of that century there was a reaction.

The philanthropist, the labor leader, the railroad manager and the protectionist each saw reasons which seemed to him good from making exceptions of considerable importance to this rule of non-interference. And even among those who had no special interests of this kind there was a growing disposition to see that self-interest of individuals did not protect the general public as fully as we had supposed.

In a contest between organized capital and organized labor, like that of the recent coal strike, the interests of the consumer may be sacrificed in the worst fashion by the total cessation of production of one of the necessaries of life. Three important methods have been suggested for giving better protection to the interests of the consumer.

First—The extension of the system of contracts between companies and their operatives, so that incorporated capital shall deal with incorporated labor in a responsible fashion.

Second—An extension of the conspiracy laws so that combinations adverse to the interests of the consumers as a body can be treated as criminal and suppressed by the organized force of the community.

Third—An extension of the principle of direct government management —the so-called socialistic principle—to those industries where continuous production or service is a matter of vital public necessity.

But without a reform in our ethical standards none of these remedies will really meet the evil. If we really believed that the laborer or capitalist who was pursuing self-interest as a business principle, to the disregard of all other things, was doing wrong we should have little trouble in putting him in prison on the cases where that wrong wrought great public harm.

In order really to meet these evils we need something more than contracts, or conspiracy laws, or municipalization of industry. We must get back to the conception of some higher motive than self-interest, and some better measure of value than self-aggrandizement. In the centuries immediately past we have had to do with the problem of securing liberty. Today we have to face the problem of preserving it. It is a great mistake to assume that the problem of today is the easier of the two. The hardships and dangers connected with it are less tangible, but they are on that account all the more difficult to assume.

Freedom has always required the exercise of courage to defend it from the assaults of its adversaries. It today requires the exercise of public spirit and personal self-restraint to meet the perils which come from the action of those who deem themselves to be its friends. Only by the exercise of this widened sense of responsibility and by the growth of this public spirit can we hope that freedom, so laboriously wrought out in the centuries past, may be successfully preserved through those to come.

Fire and the Forest Reserves.

By Charles S. Newhall.

IN ALL serious cases fire is much the best agent with which to fight fire. Usually, at such times, it is not only the best agent but the only one. A chief element in the make-up of a good fire fighter is his knowledge and skill in regard to back-firing. If a man loses his head, his back-fire may escape, and may itself in turn become a forest fire.

To illustrate: A fire that had been smouldering for days unexpectedly gained such a sudden and furious headway that there was no chance whatever to meet it at the ridge, where under ordinary conditions it could have been stopped. It reached and leaped the ridge, and then, helped by a strong wind, swept on into a thick dry forest. A quarter of a mile or so in front was a good country road. On the east and west the men in charge ran a narrow furrow through the pine needles and low brush. Then along the inner side, the fireward side, of the furrows and the county road they kindled their small back fires. By the time these met the main fire, they had overrun a strip too wide for it to jump. The only further danger was from the falling and rolling of the tall trees. It was a bad fire, and in each direction it burned up to the firebreak but nowhere crossed it.

Next in importance to fire as a substitute for water is dirt. One who has never seen it tried would be surprised at the effectiveness of a spadeful swept heavily over a stretch of creeping fire or against burning logs. In the fire referred to above a great five-foot tree, badly decayed and hollowed, had burned at the base until it fell. It fell parallel to the length of the steep hill, and rolled until it lodged in the roadway beneath. Driving hard to reach the fire I came suddenly upon it. Its hollow butt was a roaring and raging open furnace. Had the tree rolled six feet further another stretch of forest would have gone up in smoke. The men came with saw and tackle, and cut the trunk into sections small enough for handling. They were in no haste about the furnace end. When the time came, a few shovelfuls of earth dashed into its mouth, killed the fire almost as quickly as water could have done it. Then, when it was certain there were no smouldering coals left, the log was rolled into the brush below.

Many fires can be easily beaten out with any extemporized flail arrangement—green boughs, for examplee, when they can be found, or gunny sacks from camp, or bare sticks if there is nothing better.

Every ranger is expected to have with him or at his camp an iron-toothed rake, a shovel, and an axe; and some camps are supplied in addition with saws, pickaxes, brush-hooks, and canvas buckets.

With preparatory and defensive work, carefully and systematically planned and executed along lines such as have been indicated, and with a body of men in charge who are clear-headed, trustworthy, strong, brave, and not working perfunctorily, but with real esprit de corps, much has been accomplished for the safeguarding of the forests. The fire-record of the government reserves as a whole, in the few years since there has been serious effort at protection, is satisfactory. The results are to the credit of the rangers and supervisors in immediate charge; but the needs are evident—the need of continuous work of more men, of larger appropriations. Even the forests of the Old World are not absolutely safe from fires; and the caring for them is child's play as compared with the service which these splendid forests of the New World demand.

Race Suicide Fatal in Wealthy Homes.

By Percival Chubb,

Principal of the Ethical Culture Schools of New York

IT IS the calamity of the children of the rich that there are too few of them."

Let the modern man, with a genius for money making, beware lest in his eagerness for riches his children, too, perish as living souls at the blighting touch. The child can thrive only in an atmosphere of love and heartiness and companionship. The children of the rich are deprived of this too often by being too few in number.

The cares, distractions and social ambitions which riches and power and place bring with them, the rounds of visits and dinners and functions, make it difficult for the rich parent to give the child its due, to fulfil the impulse of all true parents to live with and for their children.

There is a close connection between plain living and high thinking Human character cannot flourish in an atmosphere of luxury. Whatever doubts we may have of this there is no doubt of its application to children.

I count it the fit calamity of the children of the rich that there are too few of them; that the old hearty and populous family life is unknown to them; that the ruddy cheer of the glowing hearth is less and less. The passion of maternity wanes. It is the symptom of disease; the disease that has marked all ages to decay. It is the blight of the life of pleasure, luxury and self-indulgence to which riches are always tempting.

A child's life may be as easily marred by superfluity as by want. Do the children of the imperilled rich need no ministering? The more a man has the more difficult it is for him to save his own soul and the souls of his children.

The Girls Learned Something.

The school entered a fashionable candy shop on Chestnut street. Their school was about to give an amateur dramatic performance, and they had with them a poster advertising the play. "We would like," they said to the owner of the shop, "to put this poster in your window." The man looked at it. It was artistic and not too big; no bigger, in fact, than 12x18 inches. "Well," he said, "I'll put it in my window for—for—$25. Usually I charge $30, but this poster is so small that I'll give you a reduced rate." The little girls were horror-stricken. "Oh," they said, " we had no idea—we did not suppose—there would be any charge." And the departed with their poster, going to other fashionable and exclusive shops It was everywhere the same story, the girls found that there is no form of advertising so expensive as the display of posters in fashionable shop windows "We thought," they said to the last shopman, "that this kind of advertising cost nothing." "That," replied the man, "is what everybody thinks. But we shopmen don't care for this trade. Hence we put up an almost prohibitive price on the use of space in our windows. Otherwise concert posters would leave us no room for the exhibition of our goods." —Philadelphia Record.

A woman never quite forgives her husband for not having kept her love letters.

TROUBLES OF TWO ARTISTS.

Why Both of Them Have Aversion to Badly Warmed Halls.

A concert company in which Mr. Seeboeck was the pianist had been playing in some of the smaller towns during February and had suffered considerable inconvenience through insufficiently heated halls. One evening, after an unusually cold experience, Seeboeck related an incident which had occurred on a tour some months previous. The violinist of the company had received notice of the time of departure at such a late hour that in the haste of packing he neglected to include in his wardrobe his dress trousers. The omission was not discovered until an hour before the concert. Naturally he was greatly disconcerted upon realizing that he would be forced to appear in dress coat and gray trousers. In this dilemma he called Seeboeck into consultation. Both men were nearly of a size and Seeboeck hit upon the plan of both using the same trousers, performing a "lightning change" between appearances. The plan was adopted, Seeboeck appearing first. As quickly as possible after reaching his dressing room he divested himself of his trousers and the violinist donned them with equal haste. The first selection of the violinist's was long, difficult and was so well received that an encore was demanded. "It was then that I fully appreciated the criminal neglect of improperly heating halls," said Seeboeck. "When the time for my next appearance arrived and with it my trousers I was in a half-frozen condition. Some consolation, however, was to be derived from the thought that the violinist was shivering in the dressing room during my number, which also received an encore. But on the whole it was a wretched evening. Eight times we alternately wore and went without those trousers. If the audience had known the cost of that performance in physical discomfort to at least two of the performers I believe it would have been even more appreciative than it was, though I could have well dispensed with several of the encores accorded the violinist."

TIRED OF THE MONOTONY.

Why George Grossmith's Butler Was Leaving His Service.

Many and various and weird are the reasons given by servants for wanting a change of place. Here is a tale told by George Grossmith, which adds a rare and wondrous instance to the long and eccentric list:

His butler, who had been with him for nearly twenty years, went to him one day and said:

"If you please, sir, I want to leave."

Mr. Grossmith was sorry, and asked the man his reason.

"I would rather not say, sir," was the mysterious reply.

This was uncomfortable, and Mr Grossmith pressed the question again.

"Come," he said, "you have been with me for so long and have never complained before. Surely I have almost a right to know why you wish to leave. Your secrecy is unpleasant, and I must really beg of you to tell me your reason for leaving my service."

The butler thought a moment and then said:

"Well, sir, as you insist, I must tell you. But I don't want to. (A pause.) The fact is, sir, I've been with you for close upon twenty years, and I'm tired of the sight of you and all your family!"

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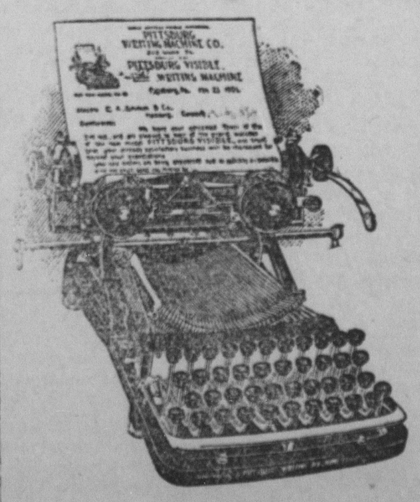

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THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

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Spring Mills.

Miss Alice Robison, of Bellefonte, is visiting her many friends in this section.

Rev. Ed. Confer, of Hartleton, is paying his parents a visit this week.

Rev. and Mrs. McIlnay accompanied by their little daughter Marion, left on Tuesday morning for Fulton county, the home of Mrs. McIlnay. They expect to be gone two weeks or more.

Notwithstanding Penns Creek is fished to death, after every shower her concave shores are lined with fishermen, who will sit for hours waiting patiently for—only a nibble.

Mrs. Donachy and son Benjamin, of Lewisburg, are here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hering.

Farmers say they have had sufficient rain to last about two weeks. But evidently Jupiter Pulvis has his doubts about it.

Centre Hill.

Lizzie Burkholder is slowly improving.

Miss Margaretta Strohm visited friends in Bellefonte last week.

Miss Lyde Smith is still in the Philadelphia hospital.

A. C. Ripka and Miss Grace visited in Spring Mills last Thursday.

Rumor says that G. W. Smith has applied for the Grammar school at Potters Mills. He is an able teacher and will likely get it. This will be quite nice for "Tom Pep," as it will make things very handy for him. George believes in the motto, "Help ye one another."

Mrs. E. S. Ripka, of Spring Mills, visited at the home of A. C. Ripka last week.

G. W. Smith and John Armstrong attended the initiatory business meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Spring Mills, ast Friday evening.

Sheriff Taylor and deputies passed through here last Saturday en route to Bellefonte with the three burglars, which they captured in the barn of the old Foust property, on the top of the Seven Mountains.

One of the popular young teachers, H. F. Burkholder, is frequently private instructor at the home of the ex-Commissioner. "Circumference" is the worst feature connected with the work, but "Duddy" has pretty long arms and will no doubt be able to circumnavigate all right.

Mrs. Ellen Burkholder and sons attended the dedicatory services of the Lutheran church at Spring Mills last Sunday.

Murray's School District.

Plenty of rain in this locality for the past two weeks.

Jacob Musser's house is ready for the plasterers; it is a very handsome building.

John B. Rossman and Allen Limbert, two Spring Mills' students, are having a vacation and went to Little Sugar Valley to work on a saw mill. Those are the kind of students who will succeed, young men who are not afraid to work.

Gertie Limbert is staying at Aaronsburg, working for Mrs. Sumner Burd.

The festival at Murray's school house which was to have been held last Saturday evening was postponed on account of the rain and will be held on Saturday evening, June 27. The girls will prepare lunch boxes at this festival, the bill of fare being, chicken, apple sauce, bologna, Saratoga chips, bananas, ham sandwiches, dried beef, potato salad, onions, radishes, blackberry pie, cake, etc. The boxes will be sold in the early part of the evening so that the boys will have plenty of time to find their partner, and have a good lunch with the girl who filled the box.

G. W. Tressler put a new roof on part of his barn.

Cherries are very scarce in this locality; there will be a fair crop of apples.

Colyer.

Charles Colyer and wife spent Sunday with his parents.

Miss Ada Smith spent Sunday with her parents.

Wallace Weaver returned home on Friday, after a year's course in college.

Rev. Bierly is assisted by Rev. Krick and will take the Mifflin county circuit.

Harry Horner and wife spent a few days with his parents.

Colyer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Lee are visiting in Mifflinburg and Milton.

John Allen went to Bellefonte on Thursday, where he will spend some time with his children.

Mrs. John Jordan, of Lewistown, was the guest of P. B. Jordan several days last week.

Miss Mary Moyer spent the latter part of the week at Spring Mills, and attended the dedication.

Wallace Weaver, student at Reading College, is making his parents a visit.

Miss Nora Boal, of Stone Mill, spent Sunday with her uncle, P. S. Boal.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gross, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday at the home of Levi Stump.

The Childrens' Day services at Zion Hill on Sunday evening were well attended. The children rendered good recitations and singing.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster Frazier and family spent Sunday at Pleasant Gap, visiting his sister, Mr. and Mrs. Reamy.

Miss Carrie Zettle, of Spring Mills, is visiting her cousins, Mary and May Cooney.

Leslie Treaster spent Sunday afternoon at Potters Mills.

Centre Hill.

Jeff Heckman and wife spent Sunday at Zerby station.

James A. Sweetwood had a steel roof put on his house.

Mrs. A. B. Hettinger had her house replastered.

Wm. Bower and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Sarah Tressler.

Children's Day will be observed at Egg Hill on Sunday evening, June 28. All are invited.

W. H. Meyer and wife, of Centre Hall, were the guests of Roland Treaster on Sunday.

Miss Lola Heckman spent Sunday in Georges Valley.

Wm. Walters, who was ill during the past week, has recovered.

Pine Grove Mills.

Henry Fry and lady friend visited his brother Frank, at Fairbrook, on Sunday.

Bigler Meek, of Pittsburg, spent several days in town; he was called here on account of the death of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary Shiffer.

David Osman, of Altoona, a brakeman in the yards, was home a few days.

Rev. Mr. Kelly, of Altoona, will fill the pulpit in the Presbyterian church in this place, Sunday evening.

Harry Meyer and wife, of Millheim, visited Amos Koch last week.

Edward Fry and Miss Roxie Shrivley are enjoying Mr. and Mrs. Aikens' hospitality at the parsonage this week, before taking their departure for Hanover. Mr. Fry graduated as a civil engineer, and has a good position at York. The boys are keeping a lookout at the license list.

Aaronsburg.

Rev. Sheeder and family are spending a few weeks with friends at Silverlake, Ind.

Mrs. Katie Weaver spent a day last week with her sister, Mrs. Grenoble, at Spring Mills.

Miss Ruth Thomas returned to her home at Centre Hall, after having spent a few weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Annie Kreigbaum.

Charles Herman, of State College, Sundayed with his brother-in-law, A. S. Stover.

Miss Lisle Acker has returned home after having spent a few months with friends at State College.

Catherine Frank attended the funeral of a cousin in Union county on Tuesday.

Bright Bitner, of Spring Mills, and Miss Rossman, of Penns Cave, spent Sunday at the residence of Nelson Wert.

Simon King, of the Musser house Millheim, stopped with his cousin, Thos. Hull, on Sunday.

Mrs. Carrie Harter and son, of Beech, were the guests of her father, John Yarger, on Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Wyle and baby have gone to visit friends at Glen Iron and Mifflinburg for a week or ten days.

Mrs. Evelyn Musser returned from a week's visit to friends at Bellefonte.

E. L. Stover has purchased a new thresher, the Russill & Co. make with a Sattley stacker attached, which is without doubt far superior to the Blower. This stacker oscillates in a half circle, or almost any part of a half circle. Mr. Stover expects to use both of his machines the entire season.

Nittany Mountain.

Mrs. O. M. Loneberger is confined to the house, suffering with a lame back.

Charley Pecht, stave sawyer, who is working in Big Valley, was to see his best girl over Sunday.

James A. Noll and family, of Jeannette, visited Mr. Noll's uncle, Tone Noll.

Houser Bros. moved their saw mill and engine on their timber tract last week.

Mr. Wakefield, of Johnstown, an uncle of Mrs. Cal. Horner, visited at the Horner's several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Osman and nephew, Jesse Templeton, of Altoona, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Osman's mother, Mrs. Kate Horner.

Centre Reporter $1.00 a year.

Lemont.

Lin. S. Bottorf returned to his work Tuesday of last week.

Our townsman E. W. Evey has been raised to the position of superintendent of construction for the Murray Lumber Co., of Philipsburg, with a salary of $1200 per year, which the scribe is pleased to note.

W. H. Dreese and wife brought their visit to a close Wednesday of last week.

The Children's services at the U. B. church Sunday evening were well attended. The program was very entertaining and all had a pleasant as well as profitable evening.

Dr. W. H. Fry, of Pine Grove Mills, was seen on our streets last week.

Robert Moore, of Philipsburg, was in town a day or so this week, looking quite healthy.

Dr. J. Y. Dale returned from Philadelphia Thursday of last week.

Cornelius Dale transacted business in Bellefonte last week.

A. J. Henderson was seen on our streets last Thursday.

Mrs. J. O. Williams is visiting at the home of Mrs. Alice Williams.

James Longwell and wife returned to their Philadelphia home Monday after circulating among their many friends for a week.

Mrs. Reuben Houser and Mrs. Chas. Bilger, of Pleasant Gap, were pleasant visitors at the home of John H. Shuey Friday.

Rain and hail fell in these parts Friday but there was no damage done.

George Martz and David Dale repaired to the mountains the latter part of last week to enjoy the fresh mountain air and to catch a few trout if they happen to come that way.

W. H. Rishel has his new smithy almost ready to occupy, when he will be ready to do all kinds of work in his line.

J. Fred Herman made a flying visit to our town the latter part of last week.

George Dale is having a new roof put on his corn house, which will greatly improve its usefulness.

Nelson W. Williams has been suffering the loss of chickens and eggs all spring and could not find out the thief until Saturday night when he set a lot of traps and the following morning he had a female raccoon which he was not long in dispatching.

John Fisher and wife are visiting at the home of Edward Graham, of Winburne.

M. A. Williams wears a big smile since that son arrived on Saturday.

Sunday night while J. B. Mayes' were attending the Children's services at Houserville robbers entered their home and ransacked the building, but the light was seen and they were frightened away without taking anything from the house.

Harry Coble, of Altoona, is visiting at the home of his father.

Andrew Gregg and family came to town Monday evening.

Uncle Tom's Cabin will be with us July 1, if reports prove correct.

Millheim.

After a visit of several weeks with friends in this place, Mrs. H. E. Noll and daughter Edith, left for their home in Lewisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Smith spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of David Stoner at Tusseyville.

Misses Edith and Nettie Bair are spending a week at their former home in Howard.

Mrs. E. W. Mauck has been quite ill for over a week, but at this writing has improved some.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stover entertained Lucius Stover and wife, of Nittany Valley.

Mrs. Tracy, of New York, and Mrs. Wolf, are spending some time with friends and relatives in this locality.

Miss Tammie Musser left on Saturday for an extended visit with friends in the western part of the state.

Miss Andrews, of State College, is visiting at the home of A. A. Miller.

Miss Bessie Sturgis returned from attending commencement exercises in Williamsport Friday.

Mrs. R. J. Smith and children, and Miss Minerva Smith were in Rebersburg on Monday visiting Mrs. Chas. Mallory.

Miss Bertha Weiser, of Bellefonte, visited her parents over Sunday.

Harry Ream returned from Myerstown, where he had been attending college and will spend his vacation with his parents.

Miss Lizzie Miller is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Kerstetter, in Lock Haven.

George Tobias, of Bellefonte, is paying his parents a visit this week.

Rev. Samuel Smith, of Rebersburg, was in town Monday.

John McIntire and family, of Athens, are visiting Mr. McIntire's mother, Mrs. E. J. Swauger.

New Lodge at Spring Mills.

The new lodge I. O. O. F., No. 597 was instituted June 19 by D. D. G. M., J. E. Etters, of No. 717, with the following officers:

N. G.—W. O. Gramley; V. G.—E. T. Jamison; Secy.—F. S. Musser; Asst. Secy.—H. S. Brauchi; Treas.—J. C. Wagner; Ward.—Jerry Shunk; O. G.—H. A. Stover; I. G.—J. A. Wagner; Con.—B. F. Kennelly; R. S. N.G.—J. A. Grenoble; L. S. N. G.—C. P. Long; R. S. S.—A. L. Duck; L. S. S.—J. E. Sweetwood; Chap.—W. C. Bierly; R. S. V. G.—B. W. Ripka; L. S. V. G.—J. O. Beatty.

A Presbyterian church has been organized at Burnham, with Rev. W. E. Steckel as pastor. A chapel costing $4000 will be built.

Oak Hall.

Michael Woomer, of State College, was a caller in town Tuesday morning.

Rev. and Mrs. J. I. Stonecypher spent last Friday night at the home of E. K. Smith.

E. K. Smith was to Huntingdon county part of last week. He was called to Altoona last Saturday to meet Edward A. Woods, of Pittsburg, Manager of the Agency force of The Equitable Life Assurance Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Thomas Gramley and children, of Kipple, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Ross Lowder.

The people turned out in large numbers to attend commencement exercises at the College last week.

Mrs. A. J. Tate, of Shiloh, and Mrs. George A. Tate, of Duquesne, called on Mrs. E. K. Smith last Tuesday.

One of the pleasant events of the season took place at the home of E. K. Smith last Friday evening when he invited his Sunday school class to his home for supper. The following were present: Misses Esther and Irene Segner, Esther Kaup, Esther and Annie Kline, Lizzie Bohn, Mrs. Ed. Williams, Mrs Geo. Hosterman, Mrs. Chas. Kuhn, Mrs. McPherson and Rev. and Mrs. J. I. Stonecypher. On account of the inclement weather Misses Edith Cole, Sallie Lee and Mrs. John Gingerich were not present. After supper talks were made by the teacher E. K. Smith, and J. I. Stonecypher, for the benefit of class 5, and the school in general. After having a social time together they took their departure with best wishes.

Farmers Mills.

The farmers are detained from work on account of the rain.

Dr. W. E. Fischer, of Shamokin, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Rishel.

A number of people from this place attended the dedication at Spring Mills.

Mrs Jerry Stover and son and Mrs. Breon spent Monday with Frank Ream, of Millheim.

A number of young people were to Potters Mills to see the robber.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rishel and daughter Lodie spent Sunday with his brother, Jerry Rishel.

John E. Rishel, of near Linden Hall, was home with his parents Sunday.

Geo. Armbruster and wife spent a day last week in Millheim.

Robert Homan was home with his parents over Sunday.

Rock Grove.

George Bitner attended the horse sale at Millheim on Thursday.

Misses Pearl and Vergie Kritzer and nephew Merrill Ilgen spent Friday afternoon with Miss Lizzie Slack.

The grain has commenced to ripen.

Samuel Bell, of Boalsburg, passed through here Saturday.

J. E. Bitner and J. W. Slack spent Sunday afternoon at Potters Mills.

Frank Armagost visited in this section Sunday.

Miss May Kritzer has taken up her residence at Mr. Grossman's, of Tusseyville.

The Children's service at Zion Hill was quite a success.

Mrs. Miller, of Tusseyville, visited Mrs. Kritzer Sunday.

From Sugar Valley Journal.

Kulp & Co. have purchased 5000 acres more timber land in White Deer and are opening a new lumber camp.

In a New York hospital Mrs. Corl Jenson, daughter of Merchant Samuel Stamm, underwent an operation for the removal of an internal cancer weighing ten ounces.

Constable Brownlee, of Collomsville, summoned Thomas Mizener, Jesse W. Matter and Adam Stabley to appear before 'Squire McKeague, at Rauchtown, to answer a charge of illegal fishing lodged against them by John Catlisch.

Dr. U. G. Bickell was hastily summoned to the farm residence of Irvin Snook to administer an antidote to one of his little girls, who had gotten hold of a four ounce bottle of patent butter color and swallowed half the contents. The poison in the butter color rendered the child unconscious, in which state it remained all day.

Wedded at Pottstown.

The following appeared in the Pottstown Ledger, June 19: Miss Anna R. Evans, only daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. L. Kryder Evans, was wedded last last evening, to Dr. Frederick Van Buskirk, at the residence of the bride's parents, in the presence of a limited number of guests. Dr. Evans, father of the bride, performed the ceremony. The wedding was a quiet affair, owing to the recent death of the groom's mother. The couple were attended by Miss M. Helen Miller, of Philadelphia, as maid of honor, and Percy Williamson, of Pottstown, as best man.

Dr. and Mrs. VanBuskirk will be at home to their friends after September 1, in the new fine residence that the groom has had erected on Hanover street above King. They departed on a wedding trip of several weeks' duration.

Send the news to the Reporter.

BROOD SOWS FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale two brood sows. One due for third litter, July 30; the other due for first litter September 15. J. C. GOODHART, Centre Hill, Pa.

LOCALS.

You can have the Reporter sent you until September by simply asking for it. See conditions elsewhere.

Oscar Stover, of Boalsburg, who handles a general line of farm implements, was in town last week. He is a busy man these days, setting up machinery to reap the approaching harvest.

W. A. Sandoe offers for sale the John Neff property on Church street. This is a very desirable home and can be bought at a very reasonable figure. Mrs. Neff is at present located at Peoria, Illinois, and has appointed Mr. Sandoe as her agent. See adv. in this issue.

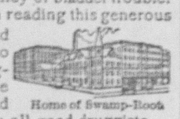
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment, and when applied to cuts, bruises and burns, causes them to heal without maturation and much more quickly than by the usual treatment. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

. GARMAN'S .

Children's Misses' and Ladies' Parasols. The new line is shown.

10 cent Curtain Pole—Ash, Cherry and White.

6 yards of White Lace Beading in a pack—5 cents a pack.

More of those 25 cents a pair Sash Curtains.

Sash Rods 5 cents up.

98 cents for a first class Calico Wrapper.

Matting 12 1-2c to 30 cents.

The new styles in Shirt Waists Sets.

Porch Swings $2.50.

Voiles—Chevoits, Broadcloth, Mohair, Sicilians and the new fabric in large assortment.

Lace Striped Mohairs—Cream and Navy; some call it hem stitched—at 50 cents the yard.

All the new White Goods for wedding and commencement, from 15c to 75c the yard. The laces to go with in Normandy, Vals and Mechlins.

Pearl Buttons from 14 to 24 line, 2 dozen for 5 cents. Not one-half the regular price.

Dozen of new patterns in waistings.

. GARMAN'S .

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest When the HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership

will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you

Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum

on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¾ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted.

I am also agent for the

Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect May 24, '03.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD.

7.38 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m., New York 2.53 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.25 a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Hazleton, Hazleton and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.33 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.50 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.53 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations. Syracuse Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.16 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.02 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 921 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days

Westward			Eastward	
P M	A M	STATIONS	A M	P M
1 38	6 40	Montandon	8 15	4 40
1 48	6 50	Lewisburg	9 05	4 30
1 55	6 58	Biehl	8 58	4 23
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 52	4 18
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 10
2 29	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 57
2 38	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 49
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 42	3 02
3 26	8 06	Rising Springs	7 33	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 29
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m, 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a. m, 1.15 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.00, 5.40 p m, and 807 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.26 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, General Passger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down.			June 28, 1900.	Read Up.		
No. 1	No 3	No 5		No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
‡7 00	‡2 40	‡6 45	BELLE'NTE	9 25	5 15	9 55
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 29	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSB'G	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 38	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's S'n g.	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 28	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	‡8 15	‡4 05	‡8 25
11 45		8 40	Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40
12 20		9 10	Arr. Wm'PO'T Lve	‡2 50		‡7 10
‡12 29		11 30	Lve Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)			
7 30		6 50	PHILA	‡8 56		11 26
10 40		9 02	NEW YORK	‡4 25		7 30
			(Via Philad.)			
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.		P. M.				

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD.		
12‡	8‡	2‡	STATIONS.	1‡	7‡	11‡
P M	P M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	Colerville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 38
6 05	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 58	4 88
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 58	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brisly	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 ‡	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 28	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 09
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 20	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penns. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are just what you need when you have no appetite, feel dull after eating and wake up with a bad taste in your mouth. They will improve your appetite, cleanse and invigorate your stomach and give you a relish for your food. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	16	Side	10
Butter	16	Tallow	04
Lard	10, 12	Apples	30
Chickens, 7; cash	8	Dried Apples	4
Ducks	—	Potatoes	45
Raspberries	—	Large Onions	—
Ham	12	Beef Hides	—
Shoulder	12	Spring Chickens	—

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	74
Corn	60
Rye	55
Oats	38
Barley	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	15
Eggs	15
Lard	10
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	10
Shoulder	12
Ham	14

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS OF CHARacter and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. Enclose self addressed envelope. COLONIAL CO., 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.
4junc6t.

PUBLIC SALE OF PENN'S CAVE FARM—There will be sold at public sale on tract No. 2, all those certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situated in Gregg Township, Centre county, Pa., three miles north of Spring Mills, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad,

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1903, 10 A. M.

Tract No. 1. GOOD FARM OF 200 ACRES, GOOD FARM BUILDINGS, TENEMENT HOUSE, SAW MILL.

Bounded on the north by lands of John B. Ream; on the east by land of John B. Ream, Abraham Lose, Jacob Detwiler, Ruth Armbrewster and William Weaver's estate; on the south by lands of George Armbrewster; and on the west by land of Samuel Homan and Aaron Long, containing 200 acres, more or less. Excepting and reserving from the said described property, Tract No. 2, the property herein described and known as the Penn's Cave property. Thereon erected a house, barn and outbuildings, almost new. About 175 acres are in a good state of cultivation, balance in timber. The house is 26x36 ft., barn 45x86 ft. Farm is well located and desirable in every way. ALSO, SAW MILL. A well equipped saw mill, power furnished by turbine water wheel. Also, Tenement house, 16x27 feet, and Blacksmith shop 20x30 feet.

TRACT NO. 2, PENN'S CAVE. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading to Farmer's Mills, thence along said road and land of George Long north 61 1-2 degrees east 48 perches to stones, thence north 25 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to stones, thence south 61 1-2 degrees west 48 perches to stones, thence south 25 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing 6 acres neat measure, together with all the privileges in and under the ground as far as the same is hollow or can be reached by entering into said Cave, thereon erected Penn's Cave Hotel, stable and outbuildings.

DESCRIPTION OF PENN'S CAVE

Penn's Cave is a beautiful summer resort, situated three miles from Spring Mills, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad. The Cave itself is a subterranean cavern, fully one-fourth mile in length, the interior of which surpasses description. The walls and ceiling are decorated with myriads of stalactites, and the projecting irregular rocks are studded with stalagmites. Penn's Creek, which empties into the west branch of the Susquehanna river below Sunbury, rises at the mouth of the Cave. The crystal, pure water flows through the Cave and can be navigated by a boat, carrying from twenty-five to forty passengers, the entire length of the Cave. The Cave ends abruptly, the outlet being only large enough to carry away the water. The entrance of the Cave is gained by descending numerous easy steps. The Cave has been guarded against vandals ever since its discovery, more than a hundred years ago, and thus remains in its natural beauty.

Penn's Cave Hotel is a frame structure 30x52 ft., three stories in height with twenty-five rooms; kitchen, 16x24 feet; stable, 35x55 feet. The buildings stand immediately over the Cave.

The location is strictly rural; the climate is all that could be desired; hunting and fishing nearby.

This property will be sold at a price that should enlist the interest of speculators. It is peculiarly suited for a well-appointed summer resort, a gentleman's place or home for a club. The tract contains six acres of land, and is so situated to give every needed access to the cave proper. The description is not adequate. The place must be seen to be appreciated.

Terms. Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, the balance of one-third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years, with interest, the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. LEWIS KORMAN, Admr.,
JESSE LONG, Farmers Mills, Pa.
Orvis, Bower & Orvis, Att'ys, Bellefonte, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Catharine Boozer, late of Centre Hall boro, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

W. A. KRISE, Administrator,
Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of George W. Lonbarger, late of Spring twp., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, she would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MRS. MARY A. LONBARGER,
Administratrix.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of James J. Price, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. ROBERT CONDO,
Administrator, Boalsburg, Pa.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—There will be exposed at public sale
SATURDAY, JULY 25, 2 P. M
on the premises, one and one-half miles south of Spring Mills an improved tract of land, known as the Hiram Cain farm, containing about one-hundred acres, about seventy-five acres of which are cleared and in a state of cultivation, balance wood land. Thereon erected a frame house two and one-half stories in height, bank barn, and all necessary outbuildings.

Also fine, young apple orchard and other fruit; running water at the door.

This tract is finely located and adapted to the growing of peaches and other fruit.

CARRIE CAIN,
WM. M. GROVE,
Administrators.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned will offer at private sale a two story dwelling house, four rooms upstairs and t ree down stairs, summer kitchen, stable and quarter acre lot, located on Church street, Centre Hall, and known as the John Neff property. This property is in good condition. House is weatherboarded and painted, and needs no repairs. Good fruit, and running water. This property must be sold, and will be offered at a very reasonable price and on easy terms.

W. A SANDOE, Agent,
June 25, 1903—5t. Centre Hall, Pa.

BLACKSMITH SHOP AND DWELLING HOUSE FOR RENT.—The undersigned offers for rent a blacksmith shop and dwelling house, at Centre Hill. Terms reasonable.

PETER SMITH,
Centre Hill.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase lumber from Thomas Keen, of Potter township, as the timber sawed by him is the property of the undersigned.

PETER SMITH,
June 18, 1903. Centre Hill, Pa.

Although our store room is small and inconvenient, we have this week added

A VERY FINE AND FULL LINE OF . . .

Summer Goods Dress Goods and Notions . .

IN DRESS GOODS WE HAVE

LAWNS
PERCALES
MADRASES
CHAMBRAYS
and OTHER NEW PATTERNS.

IN NOTIONS . . . . . .
Fancy Buttons
Laces
Embroideries
Insertions
Medallions
and Fancy Trimmings
Hose, Etc.

H. F. ROSSMAN, Spring Mills.

CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER III.

The forenoon wore away rather quietly. Desultory fighting was heard ahead among the skirmishers in front. But comparative quiet reigned. Playing cards were at a discount and the men generally threw them away before going into battle, and the ground was thickly strewed with them along the line. The chaplains came up and gathered hastily written wills and letters from the boys to friends at home, to hold and to be mailed after the battle in case of death.

Regiments were seen kneeling, some standing with bared heads while the chaplains prayed for Divine blessing for our army and the national cause.

Everything seemed in complete readiness for the awful work to begin and still quiet reigned and we waited in suspense.

There is no period in a soldiers life that is so trying to his courage as the prolonged waits for a battle to open. The excitement of actual battle; the hurry and shifting and moving, and the awful tumult carries men through storms of danger and scenes of death, and makes heroes of men whose nerves were all unstrung before the battle opened. The waving flags; the elbow touch of his comrades; the dreadful shouts of the men as they press forward in the excitement of the conflict, all have inspiring influences that move men in battle as if unmindful or unconscious of the appalling danger. But when an engagement turns and lines of battle break and the excitement that moved them forward ceases, then the wildest panics and most shameful flights are apt to occur among the bravest of soldiers.

There is no power that can stop the wild rush of a body of panic stricken troops. They will beat down and run over everything that will stand in their way.

Noon came and passed, and still we waited. Every horse in the army was hooked up, or saddled; batteries in position and the cannoners standing by their guns waiting for the order to bring into action their death dealing machinery.

To our right and left as far as we could see hundreds of tattered and battle-worn flags fluttered defiantly above the lines of their hundred thousand brave and resolute defenders. To the rear of this were seen the beautiful flags and banners of the various head quarters all, unitedly, presenting a scene so great and grand as to be absolutely beyond description.

The sharp reports of the rifles of skirmishers and sharpshooters were continually heard while the occasional boom of a gun on the Confederate side and the fierce screaming of an occasional shell passing over us kept us mindful of the presence of the enemy. Neither army was fully up nor ready for the final contest. Both were rapidly concentrating and taking position in order of battle as they came up.

The 3rd corps, under Gen. Sickles, moved out and occupied Peach Orchard knob on the Emmettsburg road about one mile in advance of our true line of battle, a position which, in military parlance is called a "salient angle," it was an exposed position, with both flanks "in the air" easily "enfiladed" and consequently untenable under heavy attack.

The Confederates seeing this blunder determined to attack and turn this point, our left, seize the Round Tops, the southern key to the entire position of the Union army. Acting on this plan at five o'clock p. m. they furiously attacked the Third corps with an overwhelming force and the battle raged with all the fury that characterizes an engagement in which forty thousand brave men fight for victory or death. The terrible noise of battle and the shouting of the forty thousand desperate, battle-crazed men was something truly appalling. The prolonged Rebel Yell told plainly that the Union troops were being defeated and driven from their position. Light reinforcements from other corps were continually sent piecemeal, but they were beaten in detail and driven back with the troops they had reinforced. The situation became most critical for the Union Cause.

DEATHS.

MRS. MARY SHIFFER.

Died, at the residence of W. H. Musser, Bellefonte, Thursday evening of last week, Mrs. Mary Shiffer, of Pine Grove Mills, aged eighty-three years, seven months and four days. Deceased was the widow of John Shiffer, who died many years ago. She leaves the following children: Mrs. W. H. Musser, Bellefonte; W. M. Shiffer, Sunbury; Mrs. Ella Fugate, Joliet, Illinois; Mrs. Lide G. Meek, Irwin; Mrs. Kate M. Woods, Pine Grove Mills. The deceased leaves twenty grand-children and six great grand-children. Interment at Pine Grove Mills Saturday afternoon.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 per year, in advance.

Teachers Elected.

GREGG.

Spring Mills, Grammar, Prof. Hosterman.
Intermediate, Orpha Gramley.
Primary, Lutitia Goodhart.
Gate, Mary Guise.
Farmers Mills, Tibbins Zubler.
Logan, John Rossman.
Murray, Theresa Rachau.
Hoy, George Weaver.
Cross Roads, Clara Condo.
Penn Hall, Allen Duck.
Beaver Dam, Earl Grove.
Polk Hill, R. U. Bitner.
Decker, C. E. Royer.
Mountain, vacant.

MILES.

Rebersburg Grammar, Chas. O. Frank.
Rebersburg Secondary, W. H. Limbert.
Rebersburg Primary, T. A. Auman.
Gramley's school, C. C. Smull.
Wolf's Store, J. N. Moyer.
Brungart's, Miss Sarah Meyer.
Livonia, Miss Mary Meyer.
Harter's, M. C. Haines.
Madisonburg Grammar, H. A. Detwiler.
Madisonburg Primary, Ammon Hazel.

FERGUSON.

Pine Grove Mills, Grammar, Wm. Keller.
Pine Grove Mills, Primary, Gertie Keichline.
Branch, Earl Musser.
White Hall, Wm. Garner.
Oak Grove, Anna Heberling.
Krumrine, Miss Robison.
Centre, G. B. McFry.
Tadpole, Alf. Bowersox.
Gatesburg, Mary Bolinger.
Maringo, John Reish.
Baileyville, Grammar, M. E. Heberling.
Baileyville, Primary, Nancy Heberling.
Glades, Maud Irvin.
Kepler, Maggie Keichline.
Pine Hall, vacant.
Township high school, vacant.

Marriage Licenses.

Rolandus P. Berger, Moshannon.
Ida E. Fye, Moshannon.

Ammon T. Rote, Coburn
Susan Frain, Coburn.

Wm. G. Weston, Worth twp.
Tessie Woodring, Port Matilda.

James M. Harkin, Washington.
Mary E. Gray, Philipsburg.

M. A. Yearick, Nittany.
Sadie B. Ocker, Madisonburg.

Harry Stevenson, Bellefonte.
Lizzie Allen, Bellefonte.

Clyde I. Blackford, Bellefonte.
Caroline I. Haverly, Bellefonte.

Waiting on U. S. Marshal.

Gretwalt is improving.

District Attorney N. B. Spangler is awaiting the action of the U. S. Marshal in reference to what course to pursue with the robbery case.

The United States Government offers a reward of $100.00 for each man convicted of post office robbery. This means that $400.00 will be divided among Sheriff Taylor and his assistants.

LIST CORRECTIONS.

The subscription list of the Reporter was corrected for this issue. If you have not been given proper credit, please report at once.

Look at your label and see whether it should not have a change of date.

There should be a figure 4 on every label.

LOCALS.

Now is your time to become a Reporter reader. See conditions elsewhere.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Geary Tuesday returned from Millheim, bringing with them Flossie Geary, a little niece.

Mrs. S. R. Kamp and daughter, of Lock Haven, were guests at the home of Hon. L. Rhone, in this place, last week.

Dr. D. M. Wolf and J. Wells Evans, of Spring Mills, attended the wedding of Miss Evans, daughter of Rev. L. Kryder Evans, D. D., of Pottstown.

Mr. E. E. Shirk, of Stevens, Lancaster county, assisted by D. J. Meyer, purchased a car load of cows in the valley. Later Mr. Shirk expects to come back for a car load of draft horses.

Miss Kathryn Kerr, daughter of Mrs. Myra Kerr, of this place, last week returned from Hanover and will remain here during her vacation. Miss Kerr was engaged in teaching at Hanover.

Jacob Meyer and his mother-in-law, Mrs. John Shuey, of near Linden Hall, were in town Thursday of last week. Mr. Meyer is one of the leading and well versed farmers in Harris township.

Miss Agnes Murray Monday afternoon went to Millersville where she will visit her sister, the wife of Prof. H. F. Bitner, and attend the commencement exercises of the Millersville Normal School. She will return home the latter part of this week.

Miss Catharine Weaver, of Philadelphia, sister of Miss Gertrude Weaver, came up from Philadelphia Monday evening. She will stay with her cousin, Mrs. Flora O. Bairfoot for several weeks. The children are daughters of Dr. and Mrs. Luther Weaver.

Several weeks ago Andrew Ruhl, of Buffalo Roads, underwent an operation for a cataract on one of his eyes, at the hands of a Philadelphia specialist. He has regained his vision to the extent that he is again able to see. His sight had been greatly impaired for some time, and the operation was of no little benefit to him.

Mr. and Mrs Harry E. Fye, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sharer and family, Mr. and Mrs. James Stahl, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gfrerer, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bruss, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Strohmeier and daughter Bertha, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Kreamer and Mrs. Samuel Durst, all of Centre Hall, attended the dedicatory services at Spring Mills Sunday.

LOCALS.

John S. Hosterman came home from Lancaster Monday to remain a few days.

A festival will be held by the Evangelical church at Spring Mills on afternoon and evening of July 4th.

A. A. Pletcher, of Howard, agent for the Milwaukee binders and mowers, was in the valley the greater part of last week.

H. E. Stitt, of State College, class of '03, and Miss Mary McKee, of Youngstown, Ohio, Sunday called on friends in Centre Hall on their return from Penns Cave.

Mrs. Margaret Ditty, sixty years old, was instantly killed Monday morning while attempting to cross the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad track in front of a shifting locomotive at Lewisburg.

Austin Long, of Millheim, purchased the well-drilling outfit of Al. Krape and Wednesday removed the same to the Pruner farm, on the Boalsburg pike, near Bellefonte, where he will begin digging a well.

Clem Fortney, of Tusseyville, while brushing a young horse Sunday morning was squeezed against the trough by the animal. The result was a broken rib in Mr. Fortney's side, from which he is suffering considerable.

W. B. Krape, the jeweler, claims to be the inventor of a lady's dress supporter which he proposes to manufacture in Centre Hall. A company, according to his statement, has been formed, which will also manufacture the article in New Jersey.

Miss Grace Smith entertained the following guests Sunday: Mrs. Geo. Torrence and son Frank, of Punxsutawney; Misses Bess Lytle and Elizabeth Stuart, State College; Prof. Shattuck and Miss Fannie Shattuck, Mass.; Jerry Roberts, West Chester.

From Mifflinburg Times: F. M. Crawford, wife and daughter, Grace, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with the former's parents—Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Crawford. The wife and daughter were here this week, and Frank visited his Snyder county patrons.

Supervisor J. C. Kuhn has about completed the enlargement of his home at Old Fort. The structure was made a full two story and an L added, making a decided improvement. The property was recently purchased from Col. John Taylor, of Reedsville.

Rev. W. E. Fischer, D. D., of Shamokin, Monday afternoon was an arrival from Spring Mills, at which place he assisted in the dedicatory services of the new Lutheran church. Dr. Fischer was a resident of this place for eighteen years prior to going to Shamokin in 1893, and is always received with the most kindly feeling by all.

W. W. Sheffler, of Moweaque, Illinois, was a visitor in Centre Hall last week. He is a son of Frank Sheffler, who thirty-five years ago left this place for Illinois. Mr. Sheffler is a graduate of the Bloomington, Illinois, Normal School, and is an intelligent and genial young man. Before returning home he will visit his uncle Charles Sheffler at DuBoise.

A statement was made in the city dailies and reprinted in the weeklies that the Union county fair and the exhibition and picnic at Centre Hall would be held during the same week. Inquiry was made, and the positive assurance is given that the statement is an error. The picnic at Centre Hall will be held the week of September 12, and the Union county fair the week of the 29th of September.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glenn, of Wilcox, Elk county, are visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. Benjamin Stover, Centre Hill. Mrs. Mollie MacDonald and bright and handsome daughter, Miss Cora, of Lock Haven, are also spending a few weeks with the former's aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Stover. Before returning home, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn will spend several days in Centre Hall with Geo. O. Benner.

Miss Anna Bartholomew, who for past five years so successfully taught the primary school in this place, and was recently re-elected for the coming term, has resigned. Saturday she was elected to teach one of the primary schools in Curwensville, eight months term, and at a much increased salary. The school board, parents and school children will regret this action on the part of Miss Bartholomew, but no one can accuse her of wrong doing.

R. M. Magee, of Philadelphia, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Emerick, over Sunday. Mr. Magee is engaged in the insurance business in which line he has met with great success. He and his family are well known to the Reporter readers, and it affords the editor pleasure to say that two of the junior Magees are making rapid strides toward the front ranks in their profession. The eldest son, Forrest N. Magee, is associated with Ex-Judge W. W. Porter, with offices in the Real Estate Trust building, Broad and Chestnut street, being recognized as one of the leading law firms in Philadelphia. The younger son, W. A. Magee, is in the surveyor's office of the United States Custom House, which position he has held since being installed therein by Ex-Surveyor P. Gray Meek.

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LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.

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MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.

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FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

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NO STOCKHOLDERS. Insurance furnished at cost. No Tontine or Deferred Dividend Accumulations to be Forfeited in Case of Death or Default in Premium Payments.

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Write or call on the agent. Any information requested will be given.

W. H Bartholomew
AGENT, CENTRE HALL, PA.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

Is everywhere recognized as the one remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant to take. It is especially valuable for summer diarrhoea in children and is undoubtedly the means of saving the lives of a great many children each year. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

I am now in my New Store Room and ready to greet you all with

The Latest Styles in

Shoes

OXFORDS
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BLUCHERS

And almost anything you may want in my line. If not in stock I will get it for you. Come in and let us show you our goods, as it costs nothing to show goods.

Many thanks for past favors.

P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .

C. A. KRAPE.
Spring Mills, Pa.

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Buy a Farm

Why not? It is easy. Good lands at $8.00 per Acre and up. Lands sold on long time payments. One crop often pays the entire cost of the land. A large majority of . . . . . .

Eastern Tenant Farmers Would Better their Condition

By taking Advantage Of this Opportunity to

Buy Low Priced Farm Lands And making their Homes in the Dakotas.

The area of good lands at low prices Will soon be a thing of the past.

Write the undersigned for further particulars and accompany him on a trip. Excursion rates (one fare plus $2.00) are given west of Chicago on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of every month. Fare deducted from price of land to those buying as much as a quarter section (160 acres.)

The Pennsylvania Central to Chicago and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul from there will take you to Ipswich, S. D., and other points where these lands may be had.

P. O. STIVER, Freeport, Illinois.

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The Lamp of Steady Habits

The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good"—they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one. *The New Rochester.* To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every lamp has it. (300 Varieties.)

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We can fill every lamp want. No matter whether you want a new lamp or *stove*, an old one repaired or refinished, a vase mounted or other make of lamp transformed into a **New Rochester**, we can do it. Let us send you literature on the subject.

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Write Grant Hoover for prices on insurance. ooo

His Last Hope Realized.

(From the Sentinel, Gebo, Mont.)

In the first opening of Oklahoma to settlers in 1889, the editor of this paper was among the many seekers after fortune who made the big race one fine day in April. During his traveling about and afterwards his camping upon his claim, he encountered much bad water, which, together with the severe heat, gave him a very severe diarrhoea which it seemed almost impossible to check, and along in June the case became so bad he expected to die. One day one of his neighbors brought him one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a last hope. A big dose was given him while he was rolling about on the ground in great agony, and in a few minutes the dose was repeated. The good effect of the medicine was soon noticed and within an hour the patient was taking his first sound sleep for a fortnight. That one little bottle worked a complete cure, and he cannot help but feel grateful. The season for bowel disorders being at hand suggests this item. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

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Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

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HIGH GRADE . . .

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Marble AND **Granite.** Don't fail to get my prices.

"I have been troubled for some time with indigestion and sour stomach," says Mrs. Sarah W. Curtis, of Lee, Mass., "and have been taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets which have helped me very much so that now I can eat many things that before I could not." If you have any trouble with your stomach why not take these Tablets and get well? For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.

WHEELBARROWS.—The undersigned offers for sale two handmade wheelbarrows, suitable for use by farmers; as well ironed and made of the best of wood. Price, cheap, $4.50. JOHN L. McCLENAHAN,
Centre Hall, Pa.

"SO RUNS THE WORLD AWAY."

Hear the steady, steady tramp
Of the myriads of feet,
As they patter on the damp
Stony pavement of the street,
Just a constant patter, patter,
And a never-ending clatter,
As the people who are going and the people who are coming meet;
Rushing hither, rushing thither in the dust and glare and heat,
Rushing here and rushing there,
Chasing phantoms in the air,
Are the worn and weary people who are tramping in the street.

Hear the gentle pit-a-pat
Of the little maid of three;
Underneath the Leghorn hat,
Dimpled, rosy cheeks has she;
While a dozen little others,
Little sisters, little brothers,
Fresh as mosses over which are cooling waters running free,
Pink and white and sweet as roses—sweet as any bloom may be,
Running here and running there,
Chasing phantoms in the air,
Are the dozen little others and the little maid of three.

Hear the steady step and slow,
And the humming of a song,
As the lovers come and go
In the tumult of the throng;
And a dozen little bubbles
Float upon their seas of troubles,
As the lovers with a method, their meanderings prolong,
As the lovers' steps are mingled with the rapid steps and strong.
Still the lovers loiter there,
Building castles in the air,
As the lovers' steps are mingled with the phantom chasing throng.

Hear the rapid steps and strong,
Hear the steps of widest scope,
Which to earnest men belong;
Thrilled by fear and thrilled by hope;
In the maelstrom ever busy;
Whirling, swirling, growing dizzy,
Like the seaman in the whirlpool, clinging to the knotted rope;
Jostling, jeering, fighting—fearing neither sinner nor the Pope.
Fighting here and fighting there,
Chasing phantoms in the air;
Some are winning, others losing—losing everything but hope.

Hear the step that falters by,
Hear the clanking of the cane;
Feeble steps and feeble eye,
Weary heart and weary brain;
But the all-propelling passion
In this throng and din of fashion
Keeps the weakened form a-grasping for the things he cannot gain,
Keeps the weakened muscles rigid, while his hopes are being slain.
And he totters here and there,
Chasing phantoms in the air,
And he chases fleeing phantoms—chasing phantoms with his cane.

Hear the steps of old and young,
Hear the steps of grave and gay,
Firm and feeble steps among
Others in the passion play.
Here and there are bands a-playing,
Hither, thither, footsteps straying;
All is toil and all is tumult, disappointment holds the sway;
Some are winning, some are losing—just so runs the world away.
All are rushing here and there,
Chasing phantoms in the air;
And we say, and say it truly—"Just so runs the world away."

—Sousie G. Riddle, in Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

The Atonement.

By Helen F. Huntington.

THE hot, still day had darkened to a sultry, windless night when a young couple drew rein before the Halfway House. There was a sound of revelry within when Norris drew back the door and led the way through the long hall, obstructed by kegs and chairs, to the little back parlor where occasional lady travelers were served with such fare as the place afforded. The cloth on the table was dingy and creased; a fly-fan creaked rustily in its slow revolutions, and a fat pink moth beat against the chimney of the oil lamp and finally dropped into the flame with a sizzle of burning grease that took away the remnant of Elenor's waning appetite. She leaned back in her chair to listen to the music of piano and violin, which kept well ahead of the shuffling feet scraping to and fro in the dance hall.

"Sounds oddly familiar," she murmured.

"Eastern airs usually circle out here in the course of two or three years," Norris remarked, uncorking the fizzing soda.

"They sound wonderfully sweet 'way out here, even the dullest of them," the girl answered, with a hint of longing.

"Oh, come, Elenor, you're never getting homesick at this late hour!" Norris laughed. But something in his voice made her look searchingly at his studiously averted face.

"You have something to tell me, Norris," she said, suddenly leaning forward and touching his hand.

"Why, as a matter of fact, I have," he answered placidly. "But first drink your coffee. You look tired out."

"Something that will hurt me?" she persisted.

"Well, not personally, I hope. Drink your coffee, please, then I'll tell you."

She drained the bitter, lukewarm draught submissively, then pushed aside her plate, and folding both hands over the edge of the table, leaned toward him expectantly.

"Well," he began, "there was an accident here last night. A man got in a row with a Mexican puncher, who knifed him pretty badly. Seems that the wounded man is from the East. I found that he knew some people we know, among them Jack Grandis."

"Yes. Go on. Something about Jack, isn't it?"

"Well, yes. He did speak of Jack's hard luck. Elenor, does that man still stand in my light?"

A curious change came over her face, a look which Norris, who thought he knew her every emotion, had never seen there before.

"Does he, Elenor?" he persisted, quietly, but doggedly.

"No, Norris, thank God, no!" she answered in a voice that hurt him cruelly. "He is only the shadow of the man that once stood in your light."

"Yet you once loved him more than you care for me?"

"Yes—I loved him even more than I love you, and he slighted and wounded my love——" She paused and searched his eyes, which were very gentle and also very grave.

"Norris, you know a lot about life, but you'll never in the world believe what that awakening cost me!" There were tears in her voice, but her eyes were hard and bright as polished stone.

"But that is all past and done with now?"

"Forever. What have you to tell me about Jack?"

"He is here in this house, hurt. Strange to say, he recognized me at once last night. He asked for you, and that is why I brought you here; because it seemed heartless to deny a dying man."

For the space of ten long heart-beats she looked speechlessly into his eyes, her face paling and reddening in wavelike succession.

"He is not dying surely!" She whispered so low that it was impossible to hear her voice, but the thought was clearly written in her eyes.

"They are afraid so. In any other case I should not have brought you here. I think I had better prepare him for your presence while you wait here."

But she would not be left alone. They met the surgeon at the door of the sick-room. "He is still under the influence of morphia," he informed them briefly. "I'll leave his door ajar. When he wakes you can go in."

Norris stepped softly within the bare little lean-to where the yellow candle flame diffused a pallid glow on the face of the man who had once stood in his light. It was a very young face and singularly handsome in spite of its deathly pallor and its deep shadows of pain and weariness. Norris knew his rival's history intimately—his reckless good-fellowship, the intemperance and weaknesses which had made him unworthy of Elenor's love. Even then, in the presence of death, it hurt him to know that she had once loved him absolutely.

The sleeper felt the presence beside him, but he did not open his eyes until Norris had returned to Elenor, still leaving the door ajar, so that he heard her question and the man's answer.

"Will he live long?" asked Elenor.

"Not longer than to-night," Norris told her camly yet not without honest regret.

"Norris, if he should die not knowing that I still cared enough to come to him at this hour it would hurt me as long as I live."

"Would it, Elenor?" Norris asked tonelessly. "Ah, the pity of it! You still care, even knowing him to be unworthy, knowing that he never cared enough to keep himself from uncleanness for your sake."

"Don't, Norris!" she implored, in a voice that brought a rush of tears to the wounded man's eyes.

For a few seconds there was no sound to be heard, then the silence was broken by a woman's sob and a man's contrite plea for forgiveness.

"It hurts me to know that you still care," said the low, pained voice of Norris.

"No, no, Norris, you mistake," she protested piteously. "I don't care in that way. But now that he is dying—I cannot forget all that he has been to me."

"I understand. You want him to know—to comfort his last hour. Elenor, if I were dying, one word of love from you would save me. It would bring me back from the dead!"

To Jack, listening hungrily, her love had never seemed so sweet. It seemed now that nothing in the world could recompense him for the loss of that love which he had so recklessly squandered with the blind prodigality of inconsequent youth. Yet honor was not dead within him. All the heroism prisoner under the dress of worldliness and self-indulgence rose up to strengthen his silent vow of atonement, the resolve to yield to that other man the love which was his by right of worth.

Presently Elenor heard a slight movement in the sickroom, and went quickly to the door. Norris followed her quietly and took his place beside her while she leaned over the bed to look at the pallid face which revived the memory of a love that needed but an awakening touch to set it free. Suddenly Elenor stooped and taking his face between her hands kissed his lips.

A great sweetness came into Jack's face, a peace and radiance unspeakable, which reflected itself in Elenor's tearless eyes. Norris squared his shoulders against the wall and looked down at them silently, unseeingly, for it seemed to him that tangible things had suddenly slipped away from him, leaving him at the brink of nothingness, with those two looking down at him from the brink of some far-off haven of bliss. At last Jack's voice brought him back to life with a start of agonized recollection.

"I wanted so much to see you," he was saying, very slowly and earnestly. "We were such good friends in the old days, weren't we, Elenor? I want to ask a service of you, something that I would not trust to any one else. Will you write a letter for me before I die—to the woman I love?"

Elenor's head lifted, and her face grew whiter than before, but the look of tenderness did not fade from her eyes. "Yes, Jack," she answered bravely, with an ungovernable tremor of her low voice.

"If I die, I want her to know what she has been to me. I was never quite sure about her until—lately. Tell her how it is with me. They say there is always hope to the very last, and if I live——"

"If you live!" Elenor repeated in a strange voice. "Jack, shall I ask her to come to you?"

"No. She is not free to come."

"Married?" Elenor whispered.

Jack nodded. "But I know that she once loved me. Tell her that if I live, the memory of her love will help me to become the man she once believed me to be and that it will keep me strong and pure as long as I live."

There was a long silence, then Elenor rose from the seat she had taken beside him, and at the same time the surgeon returned. He put his hand on Jack's wrist and smiled.

"Good!" he approved. You're doing well. Picked up tremendously during the last half hour. Nothing much to worry about now but the loss of blood. I think, by the way, that these young people had better leave you for the present, because I want you to put in the next twenty-four hours in a straight sleep."

Elenor paused outside the door and turned to look at Norris. "He didn't give me her address," she murmured.

"Never mind about that," said he buoyantly. "Jack will live to write his own letter."

"Norris," she began in a voice that trembled slightly. "Everything has turned out so much better than we could have arranged it. I am glad for his sake that the other woman exists."

"And for mine," Norris put in impulsively.

Suddenly she smiled, this time without bitterness or pain, and put her hands on his shoulders. "Norris," she said, "you are the dearest fellow in the world."—New York Times.

The Power of Hot Lava.

Streams of water are often obliterated by walls of lava 100 feet thick, and sometimes inland mountain lakes are almost immediately formed by blocking up the water in this way. Walls of hot lava have melted down rocks and small peaks that have stood in their way. They have also preserved almost intact ordinary articles and converted other things into totally different substances. When the lava stream overwhelmed the town of Terre del Greco in 1794 the glass panes of the windows in the houses were turned into transparent stony substances, while articles of brass, copper, silver and iron were completely rearranged in their structural formation and actually sublimed and refined of all base metals. Sometimes torrents of water and mud pour forth from the volcanoes instead of molten rock or lava, and articles in nature are preserved in these streams better than in the lava beds. The streams of mud lava are generally quicker in their movements than the heavier mass of molten rocks, and they work destruction of an appalling nature, but they cover the country with a substance which makes plant life thrive instead of turning the land into a barren, rocky waste. A torrent of mud lava poured forth from Vesuvius in 1022 and overwhelmed the villages of Ottajano and Massa, burying houses and inhabitants in its quick flood. On the surface of this stream of mud vegetation quickly sprang up and flourished and the site of the villages was soon a scene of rich vegetable life. Several of the volcanoes in Java pour down streams of mud lava at periodic intervals, and in the Andes there are several volcanoes which inundate the country with the same kind of material.—New York Times.

The Housefly Short Lived.

The housefly and blue bottle fly, the bane of the housekeeper, are short lived at best. The excitement of escaping extermination, and rearing their young rounds out an existence of twenty-four hours. Nature, in appreciation of their short career, has provided them with compound eyes, which see about on all sides, a marvelously acute scent and a facility of flight which is the aggravation of him who dozes of a monday and who tries to catch that one fly. When autumn comes the death knell of millions of flies has sounded. They make no preparation for winter. The majority die, and their insignificant bodies are blown away by the passing breeze. A few hardy survivors linger in cracks in the walls creep under the door frames or in crevices in the woodwork. It is probable that eggs are laid, larvae hatched and other flies creep from the metamorphosed maggots during the winter. But some naturalists assert that the few lingering flies are the parents of the multitude that appear in the warm days of June. The eggs they lay are numberless.

Something New in Endless Chain.

The latest form of the endless chain is that devised by a contributor to the English newspapers who incloses with his articles a polite letter and two dozen stamps. If the article is found to be unsuitable he wishes the editor to use one of the stamps in forwarding it, with the letter and remaining stamps, to the next on a list of twenty-four other editors, who is requested to do the same, and so on until stamps and editors are equally exhausted.

Beginning and End.

A certain gilded youth, seriously smitten by the charm and grace of a demure-looking country damsel, ventured to remark: "How I wish you would give me that ring upon your finger. It exactly resembles my love for you—it has no end." "Excuse me, sir," replied the fair one, "I think I will keep it, for it is also emblematic of my love for you—it has no beginning."

New York City.—Shirt waists that combine horizontal with vertical tucks are among the novelties of the season and are shown in a variety of styles.

TUCKED BLOUSE.

This very stylish May Manton one is adapted both to washable fabrics and to the many waist cloths and silks. The original, however, is made of white madras and is held by four large pearl buttons at the centre of the box pleat.

The waist consists of the tucked fronts and plain back, with the fitted foundation, that can be used or omitted as the material requires. The fronts are laid in narrow vertical tucks that extend to shallow yoke depth and in wider horizontal ones below, and are gathered at the waist line where they droop slightly. The back is smooth across the shoulders and the fulness is drawn down snugly in gathers at the belt. The sleeves suggest the Hungarian style and are made with snugly fitting upper portions, tucked on continuous lines with the waist, and full puffs that are laid in narrow vertical tucks at their upper edges. The cuffs are oddly shaped and match the stock.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is five and a half yards twenty-one inches wide, five yards twenty-seven inches wide, four and a half yards thirty-two inches wide, or two and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide.

WOMAN'S COAT.

Woman's Coat.

Coats made with triple cape effects are exceedingly becoming and exceedingly smart. The very excellent May Manton model shown in the large drawing combines that feature with one of the latest shapes and a novel sleeve that is both graceful and comfortable. The original is made of black taffeta stitched with corticelli silk and is faced with a black and white novelty, but all the materials used for jackets and coats are appropriate.

The coat is made with loose fronts and back and is fitted by means of shoulder and under-arm seams. The triple capes are arranged over the shoulders, and the straps, that conceal their edges, are applied. The fronts are faced and can be turned back to form revers, or lapped over in double-breasted style as shown in the small sketch. The sleeves are cut in two pieces each and are laid in tucks which are turned toward one another to produce the panel effect. The pockets are inserted in the fronts and finished with pointed straps.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and a half yards twenty-seven inches wide, two and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide or two and three-quarter yards fifty-two inches wide.

A Smartly Trimmed Hat.

A white chiffon hat in the graceful shepherdess shape would be smart trimmed with straws of narrow black velvet ribbon radiating fan fashion over the crown, being caught together at the back under a cut steel crescent. Each little strap should be held at the front by a tiny cut steel buckle. Loops and ends of the velvet should fall over the hair, and a graceful, loose spray of black violets adds to the prettiness. Of course there should be some violets and ribbon tucked underneath on the left side.

Special Pins For Stoles and Collars.

The necessity for special pins to secure stoles and separate lace collars and ruches to gowns is causing many pretty new styles of brooches and pins to be seen in the leading jewelers' shops.—Philadelphia Record.

Motor Skirts.

The new pleated motor skirts are especially smart in all the dust-colored cloths, voiles and coarse alpacas, which latter material is, of course, ideal for the purpose.

Pretty and Simple.

A pretty and simple hat of dark blue straw is trimmed with a thin Persian gauze, a blue foundation, with the pattern in deep color tones. There is only a single feather used with this.

Barbaric in Bigness.

Really nice things, made smartly and in good materials, are almost barbaric this year. One handsome dark blue belt is set with big blue stones nearly as large as robin's eggs.

Misses' Tuck Pleated Skirt.

Pleated skirts of all sorts are much in vogue and are peculiarly well suited to young girls. This graceful and stylish May Manton model is adapted to all the suiting and skirting materials of the season, linen and cotton as well as wool, but, as shown, is of etamine in wool brown and is stitched with corticelli silk.

The skirt is cut in nine gores and is laid in somewhat deep backward turning pleats which conceal all seams. The pleats meet at the centre back, where additional fulness is laid in inverted pleats, and are stitched to give a tuck effect and in graduated lengths that suggest the flounce. They fit smoothly and snugly about the hips but flare freely below the stitchings, so providing ample freedom and flare.

The quantity of material required

MISSES' TUCK PLEATED SKIRT.

for the medium size is six yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and a half yards forty-four inches wide, or three yards fifty-two inches wide.

BUSY HOUSEWIVES.

Pe-ru-na a Prompt and Permanent Cure for Nervousness.

MRS. LULU LARMER.

Mrs. Lulu Larmer, Stoughton, Wis., says:

"For two years I suffered with nervous trouble and stomach disorders until it seemed that there was nothing to me but a bundle of nerves.

"I was very irritable, could not sleep, rest or compose myself, and was certainly unfit to take care of a household.

"I took nerve tonics and pills without benefit. When I began taking Peruna I grew steadily better, my nerves grew stronger, my rest was no longer fitful, and to-day I consider myself in perfect health and strength.

"My recovery was slow but sure, but I persevered and was rewarded by perfect health."—Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty, recent Superintendent of the W. C. T. U. headquarters at Galesburg, Ill., was for ten years one of the leading women there. Her husband, when living, was first President of the Nebraska Wesleyan University at Lincoln, Neb.

In a letter written from 401 Sixty-seventh street, W., Chicago, Ill., she says:

"I would not be without Peruna for ten times its cost."—Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty.

"Health and Beauty," a book written by Dr. Hartman, on the phases of catarrh peculiar to women, will be sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Likely to Get Even.

Old Friend—What became of that beautiful full-length portrait of yourself and your first husband?

Mrs. Twotimes—It is hidden away up in the garret. My second husband has never seen it yet. I'm keeping it for a surprise.

"A surprise?"

"Yes. If he ever again gives me a ten-cent bottle of perfumery for a Christmas present, I'll give him that painting for a New Year's present."

Origin of a "Baker's Dozen."

The expression "baker's dozen," which is in point of fact thirteen, has a history. For a baker in the olden times to give short weight in bread exposed him to considerable penalties, and thus the custom arose of adding an extra loaf to the dozen as compensation for any possible deficiencies in the rest of the batch. The extra article was originally a safeguard to avert the chance of a heavy fine.

Paying the Freight.

A New York lawyer tells the following good story of a darkey preacher in North Carolina, who prefaced the passing of the collection plate with,—

"Salvation's free, brethren, salvation's free! It don't cost nothin'! But we have to pay the freight on it. We will now pass aroun' the hat an' collect the freight charges."

IN EVERY WALK OF LIFE.

People in every walk of life have bad backs—kidneys go wrong and the back begins to ache. Cure sick kidneys and back ache quickly disappears.

Read this testimony and learn how it can be done.

A. A. Boyce, a farmer, living three and a half miles from Trenton, Mo., says: "A severe cold settled in my kidneys and developed so quickly that I was obliged to lay off work on account of the aching in my back and sides. For a time I was unable to walk at all, and every makeshift I tried and all the medicine I took had not the slightest effect. My back continued to grow weaker until I was unfit for anything. Mrs. Boyce noticed Doan's Kidney Pills advertised as a sure cure for just such conditions, and one day when in Trenton she brought a box home from Chas. A. Foster's drug store. I followed the directions carefully when taking them and I must say I was more than surprised and much more gratified to notice the back ache disappearing gradually until it finally stopped."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Boyce will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

A Somnambulist.

A good story is told at the expense of a police inspector of New York, who, when he was new to the business of a patrolman, once, with great official zeal, grasped and held a citizen on his beat who was addicted to sleep-walking.

"Hold on!" cried the man. "You mustn't arrest me. I'm a somnambulist!"

"I don't care what your religion is!" exclaimed the ardent officer. "You can't walk the streets in your night-shirt!"

The union of energy and wisdom makes the completed character and the most powerful life.

He who forgets his own friends merely to follow after those of a higher degree is a snob.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Esther, the 11-year-old daughter of Henry Petsch, of Reading, had a thrilling experience in which she narrowly escaped death. With her father she was riding in a carriage drawn by a spirited mustang. When they reached home the father alighted and as he turned to lift the child out the animal took fright and started off on a run. Mr. Petsch was caught between the wheels and dragged for half a mile before he was thrown against a fence. The horse continued its mad run through East Reading, demolishing the carriage before he was caught more than two miles from home. The child was found clinging to the seat and escaped unhurt.

Recently Captain John L. Huff, of Company H, Thirteenth Regiment, left Scranton and went to Berwick to work, which is outside the territory covered by the regiment. He did this, it is alleged, without permission and his commission was revoked. The company was assembled to elect his successor. Captain Huff is very popular with the members of his command and they proceeded to re-elect him. Another commission may not be issued to him.

The differences existing between the Webster Coal & Coke Company and its miners have been settled and the men will return to work at once. All grievances were disposed of by Jas. Kerr, for the company, and National Secretary William B. Wilson, for the miners, at their meeting at Cresson. The basis of settlement was $3 for the machine cutters at the Ben's Creek operation instead of $2.68 and a relative rate for scrapers.

Unless John Hudock, president of the Oneida Local of the Mine Workers, is able to give a satisfactory explanation he will be forever barred from the organization. He has incurred the wrath of the members because he officiated as groomsman at the wedding of Julius Thomas, a non-unionist. The matter has been laid before the district board.

State factory inspectors have discovered hundreds of boys under the legal age at work at coal breakers in violation of the child labor law and arrests may follow.

Nanticoke has adopted a curfew law and every child under 16 must be home by 9 o'clock at night unless accompanied by parents or guardian.

The graduating exercises of State College were held in the auditorium at that place. The speakers were E. H. Beckert, Pittsburg; A. R. Dennington, Deckard; J. H. Snyder, Broughton; D. B. Tuholski, Erie; E. H. Taylor, South Auburn. Hampton L. Carson, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, delivered the commencement address. The degree of master of science was conferred on R. B. Mattern and W. H. Rebhun. The degree of electrical engineer was given to H. P. Wood and that of mining engineer to W. C. B. Alexander. The J. W. White fellowship was awarded to A. R. Dennington, '03, to be used for one year of advanced study. To W. H. Dean, '06 of Williamsburg, was given the McAllister prize for the best entrance examinations.

John G. Taylor, of West Chester, who has already spent a fortune in building monuments in Lafayette Cemetery, on the Brandywine battlefield, is about to erect another memorial, which is to commemorate Lazarus, mentioned in the Bible. Mr. Taylor has given his order to a firm in Italy for a marble figure. Mr. Taylor has erected several monuments to members of his family, one to Christ, one to the Virgin Mary, one to General Lafayette and one to General Pulaski, the whole representing an outlay of many thousands of dollars.

Colonel C. W. Dunifer, editor and proprietor of the Penbrook "Times," died in Chapman, Snyder county, aged 57.

Mrs. Elias Dundore was saved from her burning home at Avon. The excitement superinduced heart trouble and her death is feared.

J. C. Becht, of Muncy, has resigned as superintendent of public schools of Lycoming county, and has accepted the professorship of psychology and pedagogy in the State Normal School, at West Chester.

John Reager, of Lewistown, is the owner of a coat and vest purchased by him in Germany over fifty years ago, which he still wears occasionally. He also has an overcoat which he has worn for forty-five years.

A suspender button saved the life of Simon J. Woelfly, of Jonestown, who was struck in the side by a rifle ball fired at a bird by a boy. Only a flesh wound was inflicted, as the ball was flattened against the button.

Thirty-three families who resided in houses owned by the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company at Farrandsville and Monument have been ordered to vacate the premises, the employees of the company being on a strike.

Select Councilman James D. Miller, of Erie, was aroused by hearing a door opened and shut. Making his way down the rear stairs he secured a butcher knife in the kitchen and then walked into the dining room, where he confronted a burglar. The latter had collected a quantity of silverware. On the appearance of Mr. Miller the robber jumped through a window and escaped.

Montgomery County Commissioners have decided to build only stone bridges hereafter.

The Immigration Relief Society, of Scranton, has made arrangements to bring between 50 and 100 Jewish families to that city from Kishenev.

Rev. E. E. Manley, for five years pastor of the Church of Christ at Altoona, preached his farewell sermon, he having accepted a call to the Rowan Avenue Church, Pittsburg.

Dilwyn Jones, aged 16 years, left his home at Shenandoah three weeks ago to visit his uncle at Atlantic City, but his parents were informed that the boy never arrived there. They fear he met with an accident or was kidnapped.

Captain Elmer K. Rupp, formerly adjutant of the Fifth Regiment, has been commissioned by Colonel Rufus C. Elder to organize a military company in Altoona, to take the place of one of the old companies of the Fifth, which is to be dropped.

Electric power has been installed for hauling wagons and for illumination in the Centralia Colliery.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

Except in those branches of business that are always quiet at this season reports indicate a steady demand, and prices of commodities are firmly maintained. Manufacturing returns are irregular, idleness in textile lines partially offsetting the good effect of activity elsewhere. Earnings of railroads reported for the first week of June are only 3 per cent. larger than last year and 7.8 per cent. greater than in 1901, a condition due entirely to Western floods.

Cotton goods again average slightly higher in price, the advances being insisted upon by producers on account of the raw material, and in no degree attributable to increased anxiety to place contracts on the part of buyers. Aside from a more liberal demand for print cloth yarn fabrics for converting and printing purposes, there is no evidence of activity.

Failures this week were 215 in the United States, against 162 last year, and fourteen in Canada compared with twenty a year ago.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3.35@3.50; best Patent, $4.80; choice Family, $4.05.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 84½c; Philadelphia No. 2, 80¾@81¼c; Baltimore No. 2, 79c.

Corn—New York No. 2, 57c; Philadelphia No. 2, 53½@54c; Baltimore No. 2, 53c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 43½c; Philadelphia No. 2, 44@44½c; Baltimore No. 2, 42@42½c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, large bales $20.50@—; do, small bales $20.50@—; No. 2 timothy, $18.50@19.50; No. 3 timothy, $15.00@17.00; No. 1 clover mixed, $17.00@18.00; No. 2 clover mixed, $14.00@15.50; No. 1 clover, $13.00@13.50; No. 2 clover, $10.00@11.50; no grade hay (unsound, musty, stained, etc.), $7.00@10.00.

Green Fruits and Vegetables—Asparagus—Norfolk, per dozen, $1.50@2.25; Maryland and Virginia, do, cultivated, $1.25@2.00. Beets—Charleston, per bunch, 1@2c; Norfolk, per bunch, 2@3c. Cabbage—Norfolk, per brl, 75c@$1.25; York River, per crate 75c@$1.00; North Carolina, per crate, 50c@$1.00. Cantaloupes—Florida, per crate, $1.25@1.75. Cherries—Maryland and Virginia, per lb. white wax, 6@7c. Cucumbers—Florida, per crate, 75c@$1.50; Charleston and Savannah, per basket, $2.00@2.25. Green peas—Anne Arundel, per measure bushel, 80@90c. Gooseberries, per lb, green, 6½@6¾c; ripe, 6@6½. Huckleberries—Southern, per quart, 10@12c. Lettuce—Native, per bu. box, 30@50c. Onions—Rappahannock, per basket, 60@75c; new Bermuda, per crate, $1.65@1.75. Oranges—California navel, per box, $2.50@3.25; seedlings, per box, $2.00@2.50. Peaches—Florida, per crate, $1.75@2.00. Pineapples—Florida, per crate, as to size, $2.00@2.50. Radishes—Native, red, per 100, 60@75c; do white, do, 80c@1.00. Rhubarb—Native, per bunch, 1½@2c. Spring onions, per 100 bunches, 50@60c. Squash—Florida, per basket, —@50c; Charleston, per basket, 50@75c. Strawberries—Eastern Shore Virginia, per quart, 3@5c; Rappahannock, do, 3@5c; Anne Arundel, per quart, 4@8. String beans—Norfolk, round green, $2.00@2.25; flat wax, per basket, 50c@1.00; Charleston and Savannah, per basket, 75c@$1.50. Tomatoes—Florida, per carrier, fancy, $1.25@1.75; do do, fair to good, $75c@$1.00. Watermelons—Florida, per 100, $30.00@35.00.

Hides—Heavy steers, association and salters, late kill, 60 lbs and up, close selections, 9½@10½c; cows and light steers, 8½@8¾.

Live poultry—Chickens—Hens, heavy to medium, per lb —@14c; do, old roosters, each 25@30c; do, spring, 1¾ to 2 lbs, per lb —@22; do, spring, 1¼ to 1½ lbs, 20@21c; spring 1 to 1¼ lbs 18@20c; do, under 1 lb, 17@18c; winter, 2½ lbs and under, per lb 18@20c. Ducks—Spring, 2 to 3 lbs, per lb 16@18c; do, fancy, large, old, —@10; do, small, —@9c; do, muscovy and mongrels, —@10. Geese—Western, each 30@40c. Guinea fowl, each —@25c. Pigeons—Old, strong flyers, per pair —@25c; do, young, per lb 20@25c.

Butter—Separator, 23@24c; Gathered cream, 22@23c; Prints, 1-lb, 24@25c; Rolls, 2-lb, 24@25c; Dairy pts. Md., Pa., Va., 24@25c.

Eggs—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, loss off, per dozen, 18c@—; Eastern Shore, Maryland and Virginia, loss off, per dozen —@17½c; Virginia, loss off, per dozen —@17½c; West Virginia, loss off, per dozen —@17½c; Western, loss off, per dozen —@17½; Southern, loss off, per dozen —@17c; guinea, per dozen 7@8c.

Live Stock.

Chicago — Cattle. — Good to prime steers $4.90@5.50; poor to medium $4.10@4.75; stockers and feeders $3.00@4.90; cows and heifers $1.60@5.00; canners $1.60@3.00; bulls $2.50@4.50; calves $2.75@6.60; Texas fed steers $4.00@4.60. Hogs—Receipts today 40,000 head, tomorrow 20,000, left over 13,000; market 15 to 25c lower; mixed and butchers' $5.75@6.05; good to choice heavy $6.10@6.30; rough heavy $5.75@6.05; light $5.65@5.95; bulk of sales $5.90@6.05. Sheep—Receipts 12,000 head; sheep steady to 25c lower; lambs 25 to 50c lower; good to choice wethers $4.50@5.30; fair to choice mixed $3.50@4.25; native lambs $4.00@7.20.

East Liberty.—Cattle steady; choice $5.30@5.40; prime 5.00@5.20; good $4.75@4.85. Hogs lower; prime heavy $6.40; mediums $6.40@6.45; heavy Yorkers $6.40; light Yorkers and pigs $6.40@6.45; roughs $4.00@5.75. Sheep firm; best wethers $4.60@4.80; choice yearlings $5.60@6.25; veal calves $7.00@7.50.

STRAWS FROM THE WORLD'S CURRENTS.

Missouri leads the apple-growing States.

The Tennessee "sand" diggers will form a trust.

Shooting is the most popular method of suicide.

Petroleum is the fuel of all the locomotives in Asia.

As candy-eaters and water-drinkers Americans rank first.

The public printing at Washington costs $6,000,000 a year.

The shooting of firecrackers is not American; it is Chinese.

Before and After the Accident.

A member of the Baltimore bar tells of an instance where ready wit won a case which seemed hopeless from a legal point of view.

A gray-haired colored man was the plaintiff in a suit against a corporation for ten thousand dollars damages for injuries by the negligence of the corporation's employes. The testimony of many witnesses was strongly in his favor and he had hobbled feebly, bent and pain-racked, to the stand and told a story which had manifestly elicited the sympathy of the jury.

"Uncle," asked the attorney for the corporation, on cross-examination, "since the accident, how high have you been able to lift your right arm?"

"Jes' about so high, sah," answered the plaintiff, as, groaning with pain, he gradually lifted his hand on a level with his head.

"Very well," answered the attorney, sympathetically, "now tell the gentlemen of the jury how high you were able to lift the same arm before the accident."

In a twinkling uncle's face lighted up as he answered, "About dis high," shooting his arm in the air almost parallel with his body.

A snicker was heard in the court room and several of the jurymen were seen to smile. The plaintiff's attorney moved uneasily and finally rose to interfere, when he was ordered by the court to resume his seat.

"Now, uncle," went on the defendant's attorney, "the court and jury see that you have become decidedly bent in form since you met with the painful accident. It is our desire now to see how erect you stood before you met with that terrible experience."

"Befo' de accident," promptly answered uncle, "I was able to stand straight like dis," as he stood erect and threw out his chest.

"That will do," answered the attorney, as uncle, as feeble as ever, limped from the witness stand and took his seat beside his attorney.

The jury found for the defendant without leaving their seats.

He Thought It.

A guardian of the law was relating to a small audience how, after arresting a misdemeanant, he was obstructed by another person, whereupon he also arrested the obstructionist.

"What would you have done," queried a bystander, "if, instead of actually interfering, he had simply spoken his mind and called you an impertinent, officious, loafing scoundrel, who only loitered around and laid violent hands on his betters—adding that he considered you a vagabond and a blackguard?"

"Oh," replied the policeman, "I would have arrested him all the same for inciting others to commit a breach of the peace."

"But," continued the querist, "suppose he said nothing, but just thought so?"

"Well," was the reply, "I can't arrest a man for thinking. He can think what he likes."

"Then," said the querist, "I think so."

The policeman hasn't yet decided what his duty was in this case.

Declaration of Independence Fading.

The Declaration of Independence is to be seen no more by the public, according to a writer in Argonaut, an order having been issued that henceforth the historic manuscript shall be kept under lock and key in a great fire and light-proof safe. This decision has been reached as the result of an examination of the document by a committee of the American Academy of Sciences, recently in session in New York, who acted at the instance of Secretary Hay, whose attention had been called to the sad state of the famous document. Most of the text of the Declaration is still legible, but only one or two of the signatures can be made out. There is only a trace of the autograph of John Hancock, the first to sign. The document from time to time will be photographed in order to measure as nearly as possible the result of the protective steps.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

A man with a fad is all right so long as he keeps it to himself.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Sympathy doesn't cost anything, but that's no reason why it should be wasted.

Look for this trade mark: "The Klean, Kool Kitchen Kind." The stoves without smoke, ashes or heat. Make comfortable cooking.

It sometimes happens that the matchless beauty fails to make a match.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

When a man can't pay his rent he generally gets a move on.

Gray?

"My hair was falling out and turning gray very fast. But your Hair Vigor stopped the falling and restored the natural color."—Mrs. E. Z. Benomme, Cohoes, N. Y.

It's impossible for you not to look old, with the color of seventy years in your hair! Perhaps you are seventy, and you like your gray hair! If not, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. In less than a month your gray hair will have all the dark, rich color of youth.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

The Ills of Women Act upon the Nerves like a Firebrand.

The relation of woman's nerves and generative organs is very close; consequently nine tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the organism which makes her a woman. Herein we prove conclusively that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** will quickly relieve all this trouble.

Details of a Severe Case Cured in Eau Claire, Wis.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I have been ailing from female trouble for the past five years. About a month ago I was taken with nervous prostration, accompanied at certain times before menstruation with fearful headaches. I read one of your books, and finding many testimonials of the beneficial effects of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, experienced by lady sufferers, I commenced its use and am happy to state that after using a few bottles I feel like a new woman, aches and pains all gone.

"I am recommending your medicine to many of my friends, and I assure you that you have my hearty thanks for your valuable preparation which has done so much good. I trust all suffering women will use your Vegetable Compound."—MRS. MINNIE TIETZ, 620 First Ave., Eau Claire, Wis. (May 28, 1901).

Nothing will relieve this distressing condition so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it soothes, strengthens, heals and tones up the delicate female organism. It is a positive cure for all kinds of female complaints; that bearing down feeling, backache, displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and is invaluable during the change of life, all of which may help to cause nervous prostration.

Read what Mrs. Day says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — I will write you a few lines to let you know of the benefit I have received from taking your remedies. I suffered for a long time with **nervous prostration**, backache, sick headache, painful menstruation, pain in the stomach after eating, and constipation. I often thought I would lose my mind. I began to take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and was soon feeling like a new woman. I cannot praise it too highly. It does all that it is recommended to do, and more.

"I hope that every one who suffers as I did will give Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies a trial."—MRS. MARIE DAY, Eleanora, Pa. (March 25, 1901.)

Free Medical Advice to Women.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women to write to her for advice. You need not be afraid to tell her the things you could not explain to the doctor—your letter will be seen only by women and is absolutely confidential. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with such troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Another Case of Nervous Prostration Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — Allow me to express to you the benefit I have derived from taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Before I started to take it I was on the verge of **nervous prostration.** Could not sleep nights, and I suffered dreadfully from indigestion and headache. I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful medicine, and began its use, which immediately restored my health.

"I can heartily recommend it to all suffering women."—MRS. BERTHA E. DEIRKINS, 25½ Lapidge St., San Francisco, Cal. (May 21, 1901.)

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

WINCHESTER

'NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.

It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.

BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

A Cool Customer.

"A few days ago I met with the toughest case in my whole experience," said the agent of a very successful debt-collecting firm. "I tackled my man for ten dollars he owes to a restaurant. He's an artist.

"'I'm sorry, said he, leaving off work on the picture, and pushing his velvet smoking cap on the back of his head, while he looked lazily at the bill, 'but I cannot pay this for a few months yet.'

"'Why not?' said I.

"'Because I have a more pressing liability.'

"More pressing than a bill of this kind?' said I, sarcastically.

"'Yes, a good deal,' said he. 'I'm buying a pair of shoes on the instalment plan, and the second shoe is to be delivered today if I can make partial payment. The coin is here,' said he, tapping his waistcoat pocket.

"'All right,' I said, 'but you just give that coin to me on account, or I'll sell you up.'

"'Sell what up?' he drawled out.

"'Why, these pictures,' said I, sweeping my arm in a comprehensive way round the studio.

"These pictures? All right, my boy; go ahead. If you can sell them, I'll be much obliged to you. It's more than I can do." With that he lighted his pipe and went on painting as tranquil as a summer's day. I admired him, and asked him out to have a drop of something.

"'Excuse me,' he said, standing back and regarding his picture with one eye closed, but not even glancing at me; 'I never have social relations with my tradespeople.'

"I was faint when I got down to the street."

WORMS

"I write to let you know how I appreciate your Cascarets. I commenced taking them last November and took two ten cent boxes and passed a tapeworm 14 ft. long. Then I commenced taking them again and Wednesday, April 4th, I passed another tape worm 28 ft. long and over a thousand small worms. Previous to my taking Cascarets I didn't know I had a tape-worm. I always had a small appetite."—Wm. F. Brown, 134 Franklin St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 594
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Cooling as a shower on a hot day
Hires
Rootbeer
Sold everywhere or by mail for 25 cents. A package makes five gallons.
CHARLES E. HIRES COMPANY,
Malvern, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

U.M.C.

AMMUNITION

is extensively used everywhere in the world wherever the muzzle loader has given way to the breech loader.

It is made in the largest and best equipped cartridge factory in existence.

This accounts for the uniformity of its products.

Tell your dealer "U. M. C." when he asks: "What kind?"

Catalog free.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.
Agency, 313 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

BLOOD HUMOURS

Skin Humours, Scalp Humours, Hair Humours,

Whether Simple Scrofulous or Hereditary

Speedily Cured by Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills.

Complete External and Internal Treatment, One Dollar.

In the treatment of torturing, disfiguring, itching, scaly, crusted, pimply, blotchy and scrofulous humours of the skin, scalp and blood, with loss of hair, Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills have been wonderfully successful. Even the most obstinate of constitutional humours, such as bad blood, scrofula, inherited and contagious humours, with loss of hair, grandular swellings, ulcerous patches in the throat and mouth, sore eyes, copper-coloured blotches, as well as boils, carbuncles, scurvy, stics, ulcers and sores arising from an impure or impoverished condition of the blood, yield to the Cuticura Treatment, when all other remedies fail.

And greater still, if possible, is the wonderful record of cures of torturing, disfiguring humours among infants and children. The suffering which Cuticura Remedies have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for the skin and blood. Infantile and birth humours, milk crust, scalled head, eczema, rashes and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair, of infancy and childhood, are speedily, permanently and economically cured when all other remedies suitable for children, and even the best physicians, fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 133 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.

Send for "The Great Humour Cure."

R·I·P·A·N·S

R·I·P·A·N·S Tabules
Doctors find
A good prescription
For mankind.

The 5-cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle (price 60 cents) contains a supply for a year.

PATENTS, TRADE-MARKS AND PENSIONS. Are You Interested?

Millions of dollars have been made out of Patents and Trade-Marks. Millions of dollars are appropriated to pay pensions. 20 years practice.

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Write me for particulars of a safe, secure investment paying seven per cent. on amounts of one hundred dollars or more. *Bank references.*
W. H. HOKE, York, Penna.

A LITTLE GOLD MINE FOR WOMEN.—The U. S. Cook-Stove FRUIT-DRIER. Dries all kinds of Fruits, Berries, Cherries, Corn, Vegetables, etc. It takes no extra fire. Always ready for use, and will last a lifetime. It works while you cook. Write for circulars and special terms to agents. Price $3. E. B. Fahrney, Box 70, Waynesboro, Pa.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER BNU 26 IT PAYS

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

The Nicest, Cleanest, Most Desirable LAXATIVE for family use.

"Once tried always used when needed."

Used by American Physicians since 1846.

50c and $1, at Druggists.

The Tarrant Co., New York.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1903.

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Rev. E. Crumbling, presiding elder of Centre District, will preach at each of these places. Communion will also be held at the same time.

300 Bushels Potatoes Wanted.

Three hundred bushels of potatoes wanted by C. P. Long, Spring Mills. Highest cash price paid.

New Jewelry Store.

Jewelry and silverware for sale. Repairing of watches a specialty. Work guaranteed. Eyes tested free. Best quality lenses. Dinges store room.

W. B. KRAPE.

Prize for Mr. Zeigler.

Irvin W. Zeigler, of Linden Hall, son of Emanuel Zeigler, was awarded the Gruber prize of $15.00, at the Albright College, Meyerstown, for the best examination in English Literature.

Married at Tyrone.

William Clark Barr and Miss Bertha Scott Lightner, of Tyrone, were married Thursday evening, June 18th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Lightner. The groom's cousin, Rev. Alfred H. Barr, of the Jefferson Avenue Presbyterian church, Detroit, Michigan, officiated. The groom is assistant secretary to the superintendent of Tyrone division Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. Barr is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Barr, of Tyrone, and a nephew of W. H. Stiver, of this place.

Pennsylvania Chautauqua.

For the Pennsylvania Chautauqua, to be held at Mt. Gretna, Pa., July 1 to August 5, 1903, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets from New York, Philadelphia, Chestnut Hill, Phoenixville, Wilmington, Perryville, Frederick, Md., Washington, D.C., East Liberty, Butler, Indiana, Connellsville, Bedford, Clearfield, Martinsburg, Bellefonte, Waterford, Canandaigua, Wilkesbarre, Tomhicken, Mt. Carmel, Lykens, and principal intermediate points, to Mt. Gretna and return, at reduced rates. Tickets will be sold June 25 to August 5, inclusive, and will be good to return until August 13, inclusive. For specific rates, consult ticket agents.

LOCALS.

Childrens' day services will be held in the Egg Hill church Sunday evening next.

J. C. Goodhart, of Centre Hill, offers for sale two young brood sows. See adv. in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. William Homan and baby boy, of near town, visited friends in Boalsburg over Sunday.

Prof. E. M. Brungart, of Rebersburg, has been re-elected principal of the Mifflinburg public schools. He has been unusually successful as an instructor.

E. L. Runkle, of Johnstown, son of J. L. Runkle, of Tusseyville, is home on a vacation until August 1st. Mr. Runkle two years ago went to Illinois with several young men from the south side, but some time ago he came back as far as Johnstown, where he engaged with M. Luther Smith, as collecting agent, for his installment concern.

John Gordon, son of Judge Cyrus Gordon, of Clearfield county, who graduates from the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, won the hundred-dollar prize offered in competitive examination to the member of the fourth year class showing the greatest proficiency in clinical medicine. Some time ago, in a like examination, young Gordon was selected as resident physician of the Philadelphia Presbyterian hospital, standing at the head of the class of applicants.

THE DEDICATION.

The Dedicatory Services were Performed Sunday Near the Noon Hour.

There was a distinctively Lutheran air at Spring Mills last Sunday, the occasion being the dedication of the St Mark's Lutheran church, a beautiful structure, nestled at the foot of Egg Hill.

Long before the hour for the services to begin the new church was surrounded by a group of people discussing and prognosticating the weather conditions for the day, and each tried to outdo the other in praising the various agencies whose combined efforts stood before them ready for dedication.

Every part of the church was filled when the services were begun by the singing of an anthem by the choir. Dr. D. M. Wolf read a scripture lesson, and prayer was offered by Dr. Fischer.

The dedicatory sermon by Rev. I. H. McGann was of the highest order. At the close of his sermon, Rev. McGann announced that it was necessary to raise about nine hundred dollars before the edifice could be dedicated. His methods for securing money were original and unique. He had appointed a number of young ladies and gentlemen to solicit funds, to whom he gave printed cards upon which the giver could write the amount of his gift and the manner—cash or in installments—in which it was to be paid.

The greater part of the sum, over seven hundred dollars was thus secured after which the dedicatory act was performed by Rev. J. M. Rearick, the pastor.

In the afternoon Dr. Fischer and Rev. McGann addressed the Sunday school. That organization pledged itself for $50.00, and a number of individual classes for $5.00 each.

The Y. M. C. A., which held its regular meeting immediately after the Sunday school hour, also pledged itself for a neat sum.

The sermon in the evening was delivered by Dr. W. E. Fischer, after which the balance of the church debt, and a surplus was raised.

NOTES.

The receiving committee was Misses Orpha Gramley, May Smith, Mabel Zones, Carrie Gentzel, Bertha Duck.

The people of Spring Mills on this occasion like on all others, exhibited a very hospitable spirit, and their only regret seemed to be that there were not more people to whom they could show favors.

HISTORY OF ST. MARK'S CHURCH.

The Organization, Membership, Etc., of Spring Mills Lutheran Church.

In the early history of Spring Mills it so happened that very few Lutherans occupied the town, and there never was a Lutheran church in the place. The Presbyterians, Methodists, Evangelicals and Reformed all had their respective churches in the village while the Lutherans occupied the surrounding country, having a church one and one-fourth miles south, another one and one-half miles east, and still another two and one-half miles northwest—all in Gregg township. As the town grew and its inhabitants changed it became occupied by more Lutherans, who were obliged to go out of town one and one-fourth miles to attend the church of their faith. There became a universal longing for Lutheran services in the town, and accordingly in 1891, after due and careful deliberations, the Lutherans of Spring Mills determined to have services occasionally in the Presbyterian church by the neighboring pastors, which created a still greater desire and longing for a regular congregation.

This desire grew into a determination to organize, and April 16, 1892 the following thirty-five persons organized the St. Mark's Lutheran congregation, under Rev. W. E. Fischer, pastor of the Penns Valley charge:

FIRST MEMBERS OF ST. MARK'S.

John F. Breon	Rebecca McCool
Mary A. Breon	Sarah R. Heim
Willis F. Breon	Mary A. Stover
Anna M. Breon	Amelia Hettinger
Ida M. Breon	Lucy A. Hettinger
Sadie E. Breon	Henry M. Hettinger
M. B. Duck	Clara Musser
Lila Duck	Lydia Neese
Blanche Duck	Alice Neese
Bertha O. Duck	J. B. Heckman
Florida R. Duck	Abram Alters
T. B. Jamison	Barbara Alters
R. D. Musser	Amanda D. Stover
Maggie Bitner	John Swarm
T. M. Gramley	Alice R. Swarm
Aggie L. Gramley	Bertha R. Krape
R. D. Runkle	Mary C. Crawford
Maggie L. Runkle	

These persons withdrew their membership from the neighboring churches who in turn, as was but natural, at first opposed the new organization. St. Mark's, however, was received into and became a part of the Penns Valley charge January 1, 1893, and formally received as a distinct Lutheran congregation by Central Penn'a Synod, September 28, 1893.

Not having a church of their own the new organization rented and worshipped in the Presbyterian church for five years, until January 1, 1897, when they rented the Reformed church and worshipped regularly in it for seven years, or until January 1, 1903, since which time they worshipped in the new church.

PRESENT MEMBERS OF ST. MARK'S.

Abraham Alters	Ida M. Homan
Peter R. Auman	J. W. Hazel
Emma J. Auman	Emma Hazel
Boyd S. Auman	T. B. Jamison
Chas. H. Auman	Bertha R. Krape
John F. Breon	James H. McCool
Mary A. Breon	Mrs. J. H. McCool
Maggie Bitner	Alice Neese
Catharine Bitner	R. Duncan Runkle
Joy W. Bartges	Maggie L. Runkle
Harriet Brown	Wm. E. Ream

St. Mark's Lutheran Church, Spring Mills, Pa. Dedicated June 21.

M. B. Duck	Mrs. Wm. E. Ream
Flora R. Duck	C. E. Royer
Bertha O. Duck	Mrs. C. E. Royer
Anna M. Frankenberger	Mary A. Stover
Elias Fetterolf	Amanda Stover
T. M. Gramley	W. H. Smith
Aggie L. Gramley	John Smith
Orpha L. Gramley	May H. Smith
S. Ward Gramley	R. D. Musser
Windom C. Gramley	Jeremiah Snavely
William O. Gramley	Sarah C. Snavely
Nellie Gramley	William Sones
Nancy Heim	Susan Sones
John F. Heckman	Mabel R. Sones
Daniel P. Heckman	Barbara E. Snyder
Barbara Heckman	Chas. M. Snyder
Oscar C. Homan	Julia Bartges

BUILDING COMMITTEE.

Rev. J. M. Rearick	John Smith
T. M. Gramley	Jeremiah Snavely
John F. Breon	John F. Heckman

CHURCH COUNCIL.

Elias Fetterolf, Jere. Snavely, Elders.
R. D. Runkle, W. H. Smith, Deacons.
T. M. Gramley, Secy., John F. Breon, Treas.

HISTORY PENN'S VALLEY CHARGE.

The official title of this charge is "The Council Association of the Penn's Valley charge of the Evangelical Lutheran Church." The organization of this body took place January 30, 1854, in the Emanuel's church, at Tusseyville, at that time known as the "Loop" church.

The congregations uniting in this organization were (Loop) Emanuel's, of Tusseyville; (Kritz) Holy Cross, of Georges Valley; Bellefonte; (Centre Hall) St. Luke's, of Centre Hall; St. John's, of Farmers Mills—five in all. At the meeting at which the organization was affected, nearly a half century ago, the various congregations were represented by persons, who if not personally known to the reader, represent familiar family names.

Emanuel's was represented by Michael Ulrich, Peter Durst, John Royer, Jacob Royer, John Bitner and Henry R. Smith.

Holy Cross—Fred Zettle, Sr., Jacob Finkle, Fred Zettle, Jr., George Jamison.

Bellefonte—John Musser, Sr., Benjamin Hartman, Wm. A. Kerlin, Isaac Baney, Henry Hartman, and John Lutz.

St. John's—Michael Musser, George Weaver, William Emerick, Jeremiah Swartz.

St. Luke's—Frederick Stover, John Neff, Uriah D. Osman, Samuel Harpster.

The first officers of this body, now known as the Joint Council, were President, Michael Ulrich; Secretary, Wm. A. Kerlin; Treasurer, John Rishel.

The association was to meet annually in regular session, and in special session as often as was deemed necessary. It is remarkable how these annual meetings were kept up ever since—the session often lasting during the entire day, with frequent night sessions and several times extended to the second day. While the main functions of the association thus organized was legislative and executive, the minutes show that the devotional part was not neglected, a prominent part of the proceedings all along being reports from each congregation on the state of religion and the spirituality of the members.

The erection of a parsonage caused much deliberation from the beginning and the first apportionment of the cost was Emanuel's, four-elevenths; St. John's, Holy Cross and Bellefonte, each two-elevenths; St. Luke's, one-eleventh. From these figures it may be inferred that Emanuel's was the strongest congregation, while St. Luke's was the weakest. This is also substantiated by the apportionment of the pastor's salary.

Rev. F. Ruthrauff was the first pastor, at a salary of $500. During this year, 1854, Rev. Ruthrauft resigned, and Rev. J. T. Williams was elected pastor, at the same salary. His pastorate continued until 1856, or two years.

During 1855 the parsonage located at Centre Hall was erected at a cost of $1,800. During the period of 1855-1856 the officers of the association were President, John Stover, St. Lukes; Secretary, Wm. A. Kerlin, Bellefonte; Treasurer, John Neff, Centre Hall.

In 1856, Rev. P. P. Lane became pastor of the charge; salary, $600. His pastorate extended to 1860, and during this time John Rishel, Esq., was president; J. W. Rhone, secretary; John Neff, treasurer.

Rev. William S. Porr was pastor from 1860 to 1867, salary, $600.

During this period the names of J. Heinbach, S. Royer, P. Fleisher, Emanuel's; Jacob Koch, Wm. Wolf, S. G. Shannon, Joseph Dasher, Wm. Emerick, Centre Hall; John Rishel, George Emerick, John Emerick, St. John's; Daniel Gift, John Ilgen, John M. Miller, Samuel Harter, Cross; appeared in addition to those already mentioned.

The Bellefonte congregation left the charge about 1869, and, of course, no further mention is made of that body.

It is impossible to give the names of all the members of the Joint Council Association, as new members were elected each year. The officers in 1875 were John Rishel, president; Levi Murray, secretary; John Emerick, treasurer.

Rev. Zettlemoyer was pastor for one year—1868; salary, $650. Rev. J. K. Miller was installed pastor in 1869; salary, $1000. He served the charge until 1875, and was succeeded by Rev. W. E. Fischer in 1876. He had just finished his course in the seminary at Gettysburg. Salary, $800, which was afterwards increased.

During the eighteen years of Rev. Fischer's pastorate, M. L. Rishel, Esq., was secretary of the council.

Under the pastorate of Rev. Fischer the St. Mark's congregation was organized and admitted into the charge in 1893. For six months during 1893, Rev. J. W. Wagner, supplied the charge, and in 1894 Rev. J. M. Rearick the present pastor was elected and installed. The present officers of the Joint Council Association are T. M. Gramley, president, having been annually re-elected since 1895; John T. Lee, secretary; and James Alexander, treasurer.

The present members of the above body are—St. Luke's, James Alexander, Henry Emerick, W. M. Kerlin, E. M. Huyett. Emanuel's, Samuel Floray, James Wert, Charles W. Swartz, William Martz. St. John's, George Emerick, Emanuel Eungard, J. F. Hagen. St. Mark's, Elias Fetterhoff, Jerre Snavely, R. D. Runkle, W. H. Smith. Cross, Daniel Gentzel, C. E. Royer, Andrew Zettle, Robert Coldren.

The charge is in harmony, the pastor loved and respected, and the benevolent objects of the church well supported.

DESCRIPTION OF EDIFICE.

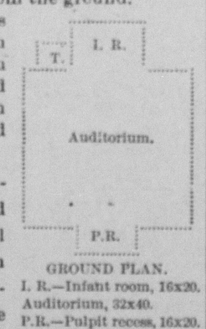
Gothic in Style—Handsomely Finished and Furnished in Oak.

The edifice presents a splendid appearance. It is Gothic in style. The main audience room is 32x40 feet, walls 13 feet to the square, and 18 feet to the centre. The ceiling is steel, beautifully decorated. The floor is laid with a rich carpet, which adds much to the general appearance of the interior.

The walls are of Mill Hall pressed brick, resting on a foundation of blue lime stone. The roof is slate. The tower is built from the ground.

Entrance is gained through the tower, from which doors lead into the main auditorium and infant room.

The accompanying ground floor plan will serve to give an idea of the general plan of the edifice.



GROUND PLAN.
I. R.—Infant room, 16x20.
Auditorium, 32x40.
P.R.—Pulpit recess, 16x20.
T.—Tower, 9x9.

The altar furniture is of oak, neat in design and handsomely carved, and was made and presented to the congregation by the pastor. This gift includes all the furniture within the chancel.

The pews are arranged in a semi-circle and are constructed of solid oak, the seat and back being beaded.

Three tripple and five single windows shed light on the interior. These windows are all memorials, and were presented by the following:

Trinity Lutheran church of Shamokin, gift to Rev. W. E. Fischer, D. D. Figures—Christ the Good Shepherd; dove, descent of the Spirit; faith, hope, charity.

Mrs. Catharine Bitner, by her children.

In Memory of Rachael Fetterolf, by her children.

Mrs. Lydia Neese, by her sons. The latter three windows are surmounted with a large figure of Martin Luther.

Ladies' Mite Society, gift to the Infant department. Figures—Christ blessing the children, emblem of ten commandments and shield.

Emanuel's Lutheran church, Tusseyville. Figure—Dove, bringing tidings.

In memory of Sarah R. Heims, by her husband.

In memory of Della R. and Lizzie V. Bartges, by their husband.

Jacob and Rebecca McCool, by their children. Figures—Cross and Crown.

J. B. Heckman, by his children. Figure—Sheaf of wheat.

A Hillstrong organ, a beautiful instrument, with fine tone and great volume, is the gift of T. M. Gramley.

A marble slab, bearing the inscription "St. Mark's Lutheran Church, organized 1892," was presented by H. G. Strohmeier, Centre Hall.

The corner stone was the gift of J. B. Mayes & Sons, Lemont.

The bell, weighing eight hundred pounds, was purchased from the C. S. Bell Company; and the windows were secured from the S. S. Marshall Art Glass Company, Allegheny.

The structure is lighted with the Sober and Porter acetylene light. The plant is located to the rear of the church, in a walled cave. A chandelier with ten burners, three brackets with one burner each furnish the light for the main auditorium, while two burners in the infant room and one in the tower amply light those quarters. The lighting plant was purchased from J. Frank Rearick, of Spring Mills.

Burglars.

Mrs. Rose DeWoodie last week visited at State College and Lemont.

Henry, a son of Charles Homan, of Zion, is ill at a Philadelphia hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller and children were guests of the latter's brother, M. M. Miller, in this place. Mr. Miller is engaged in the wood works of the Renovo car shops.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

GEO. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

Full to the Brim

Our stock has never been more complete than at present. When you want an article quick, go to the "Daylight Store" at the station and get it. Our customers say it is a great satisfaction in dealing at the "Star Store" because you see what you are getting and the price is always lower than you get elsewhere for value. We are constantly adding new things to our already complete stock and would be glad to have you too become one of our regular customers. The following is a list of some of the articles you can always find at the Star.

Binder twine, dynamite fuse and caps, barb and smooth wire, poultry netting, rolls and track, heavy hinges, picks and mattocks, nails, babbit, iron, bellows, tire, rope, forks and pulleys, screen doors, staples, cement, patent plaster, plastering hair, roofing paper, building paper, bucket and chain pumps, oils and paints, cable chain, ratchets, grind and whet stones, glass, digging irons, scythes and snaths, breast and trace chains, pulleys and hay forks, etc.

As we are headquarters in heavy and shelf hardware we can certainly please you in groceries, dry goods, notions, shoes, queensware, glassware and fruits.

Look us up in the following, we can certainly please you:

Binder twine, nails, linseed oil, washing machines, clothes wringers. Special price on envelopes and paper, sheet music, ice cream freezers.

Wanted at once, Potatoes.

Our terms—Cash to everybody.

THE STAR.

The Centre Hall Bargain Store.

MEN'S and BOYS' DRESS SHIRTS.

Look over our line of Men's and Boys' Shirts for Spring and Summer. All styles and prices.

SHOES

We just got our MEN'S, WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

LADIES' OXFORD SHOES. A very full line. Examine them.

STRAW HATS—Full Line, all styles, and all prices.

Farm Machinery, Twine and Barb Wire. We have the agency for the FARMERS' FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL, and THE PLANO HARVESTING MACHINERY. Also, BINDER TWINE.

Centre Hall, Pa. J. F. SMITH.

The New Cash Store

You can't afford to pass the New Cash Store if you are in need of anything. We have a full line. We buy for CASH and we sell for CASH, and save money for everybody. We just received a full line of FOURTH OF JULY GOODS.

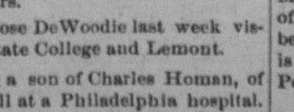
Flags of all sizes at very low prices.

40x66 inch flags for 25c.

No. 1 Family White Fish, selected Family White Fish, Lake Herring, Ciscoes, Lake Shad and Lake Trout, sizes from 10 to 40 lbs. All will be sold very low. Every pail and keg is guaranteed by us.

Potatoes wanted at highest market price.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. B. W. RIPKA.



G. W. Bushman,
Centre Hall, Pa.

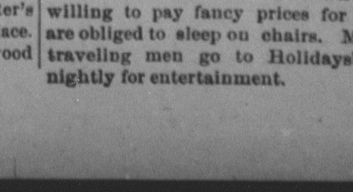
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY

and a Complete Line of

The Genuine "1847 Rogers Bros."

Spoons, Forks, Etc.

Eyes carefully examined and properly fitted to the best grade of glasses.



Fine Repairing

THE REPORTER THREE MONTHS FOR THE ASKING.

You can have the Centre Reporter from now on until and including September 3, by sending a postal card to this office, asking that the Reporter be sent you until that date. The only condition being that prior to September 10th, provided you do not wish to become a regular subscriber, at one dollar per year, you will notify this office.

Remember this offer will give you the Reporter from now on until and including the issue of September 3, for the asking.

Michael Smith was deputized to look after Geitwalt until removed to Bellefonte.

A relief fund is being raised in many cities and towns for the Kansas flood-sufferers. Kansas City was among one of the first and most liberal donors toward the Johnstown sufferers.

Mrs. Wm. J. Finkle, (nee Catharine McCool) of Pottsgrove, was the guest of Miss Laura Runkle, of this place, beginning of this week. Mr. Finkle is engaged in the milling business at Pottsgrove.

Altoona is suffering from the lack of hotel accommodations. Men who are willing to pay fancy prices for beds are obliged to sleep on chairs. Many traveling men go to Holidaysburg nightly for entertainment.